

POST GRADUATE CERTIFICATE IN
PATENT PRACTICE

Term-End Examination

June, 2012

MIR-021 : OVERVIEW OF INTELLECTUAL
PROPERTY RIGHTS

Time : 3 hours

Maximum Marks : 100

- Note :** (i) Answer *all* the questions from *Part-A*. Each question carries *two* marks.
- (ii) Answer *any five* questions from *Part-B*. Each question carries *ten* marks.
- (iii) Answer *any two* questions from *Part-C*. Each question carries *fifteen* marks.

PART-A

1. What are the different types of patents ? $10 \times 2 = 20$
2. Define world patent.
3. Define a patentee.
4. Mention the tools for protecting traditional knowledge in IP.

5. What is meant by infringement of IPR in the case of Patent ?
6. What are the implications of counterfeiting ?
7. What is an Anton Piller Order ?
8. Distinguish between mediation and arbitration.
9. How does WIPO Arbitration and Mediation Centre help in the settlement of IPR disputes ?
10. What do you mean by expected arbitration ?

PART-B

Answer any five questions for this part. Answer to a question should not be more than 300 words. Each question carries 10 marks.

5x10=50

1. Explain the concept of intellectual property.
2. Discuss briefly the different categories of IP instruments.
3. Write a note on Internet domain name dispute.
4. Explain the different steps involved in technology transfer.
5. What is the defensive mechanism of protection of Traditional Knowledge ? Give one example of defensive mechanism protection of TK.
6. What do you understand by prior informed consent ? When this consent is required to be obtained and for what purposes ?
7. What are the economic and social consequences of counterfeiting and piracy ?
8. What are the grounds of infringement with respect to trademarks ?

PART-C

Answer any two questions from Part-C. Answer to the question should not exceed 450 words. Each question carries 15 marks.

15x2=30

1. Discuss the evolutionary challenges being faced in the field of IP due to rapid advances in science and technology. How are these challenges being met ?
2. How will autonomy and financial independence help an IPO, considering that it has to function within the policy frame work given by the national government ? Why can not an IPO be completely free of government's control ?
3. Write a note on traditional knowledge, folklore, Biodiversity and IP.
4. Explain the rationale behind protection of intellectual property.