## DECVI / ACECVI

# Term-End Examination 

June, 2012

## OIEL-002 : DATA STRUCTURES

Time : $\mathbf{2}$ Hours
Maximum Marks : 70
Note: This question paper consist of 8 questions. Attempt any five questions. Question No. 1 is compulsory.

1. Choose the correct option 2
(a) Array is a collection of :
(i) Similar data items
(ii) Different data items.
(iii) Both
(iv) None
(b) '*' refers to: 2
(i) value at address operator
(ii) Address operator
(iii) Scope operator
(iv) None of above.
(c) Stack support the following one pattern : 2
(i) FIFO
(ii) LIFO
(iii) Both
(iv) None
(d) A function which call itself, called : 2
(i) User define function
(ii) Library function
(iii) Recursive function
(iv) None
(e) Binary search applied on : 2
(i) Unsorted data
(ii) Sorted data
(iii) Mixed
(iv) None
(f) Flow chart is:

2
(i) A program
(ii) A problem
(iii) Digrametic representation of Algorithm
(iv) None
(g) Complexity of binary search is: 2
(i) $O\left(\log _{e} n\right)$
(ii) $O(n)$
(iii) $\mathrm{O}\left(\log _{2} n\right)$
(iv) $O\left(\log _{10} n\right)$
2. (a) Write a C program to swap two number 7 using function with the help of call by reference method.
(b) Write a recursive function to genrate $\mathrm{N} \quad 7$ Natural numbers.
3. (a) Write an algorithm to convert prefix 7 expression to postfix expression.
(b) Differentiate the binary and linear search. 7 Explain with the help of example.
4. (a) Write a C program to create a stack. Also 7 insert an element in that stack.
(b) What is linklist? Write a program to delete 7 the first node of link list.
5. (a) Explain bubble sort with the help of an 7 example.
(b) Write an algorithm to create a doubly link 7 list.
6. (a) What do you mean by collision in hashing ? 7 How are they removed ?
(b) How structure is different from union? 7 Explain with the help of example.
7. (a) Write a $C$ program to calculate the 7 multiplication of two matrix.
(b) What is pointer ? Explain by giving a 7 suitable example. Also write a program using function
8. Write short notes on (Any four )
$3.5 \times 4=14$
(i) Calloc, ()
(ii) Malloc ()
(iii) Union
(iv) Structure
(v) Graph
(vi) Queue.

