# Diploma in Civil Engineering 

Term-End Examination June, 2012

## BCE-061 : IRRIGATION ENGINEERING

Time : $\mathbf{2}$ Hours
Maximum Marks : 70
Note: Question number 1 is compulsory. Attempt any four questions from the remaining questions.

1. (A) Select the correct answer from four given
options.
(a) India's annual rain fall is about:
(i) 100 cm
(ii) 120 cm
(iii) 130 cm
(iv) 140 cm .
(b) The $X$ - axis in a rainfall chart is :
(i) total rainfall
(ii) instant rainfall
(iii) rainfall intensity
(iv) time duration
(c) Which of the following is not a type of reservoir?
(i) Storage
(ii) Conservation
(iii) Multipurpose
(iv) Lift
(d) Total water requirements of a crop does not depend on :
(i) soiltype
(ii) temperature
(iii) windvelocity
(iv) method of irrigation
(e) Unit of delta is :
(i) cm
(ii) ha
(iii) cumec
(iv) cusec
(f) In the design of unlined canal, Lacey's formula includes an additional factor known as :
(i) silt factor
(ii) sand factor
(iii) clay factor
(iv) gravel factor
(g) Irrigation use efficiency in a drip irrigation system ranges between :
(i) $60-70 \%$
(ii) $70-80 \%$
(iii) $80-95 \%$
(iv) 95-98\%
(B) State true or false against the following statements.
(a) Basically water logging is rise of water table unto root zone.
(b) Proportion of sodium ion to other cation in soil should be less than $10 \%$
(c) Straight borders are preferred when fields are given gentle slope.
(d) An aquiclude is essentially permeable to the flow of water.
(e) The radius of influence is the distance from the centre of a pumped well to the point of maximum drawdown.
(f) India has been grouped into 120 agro-climatic regions and 160 agro - ecological sub regions.
(g) Damodar valley corporation is an example of direct irrigation method.
2. (a) Discuss advantages and ill effects of 7 irrigation
(b) A drainage basin having an area of 7 5000 sq. Km. is located in central India ( $\mathrm{C}=16$ ).
Estimate the maximum flood discharge from the basin.
3. (a) Discuss irrigation scheduling in rice crop.
(b) Calcualte net amount of irrigation water for 7
a field of wheat crop with the following data.
F.C $=18 \%$; M.C. before irrigation $12 \%$ root zone depth $=25 \mathrm{~cm}$; Bulkdensity $=1.59 /$ c.c.
4. (a) Write five terms chiefly used in water 7 planning. Differentiate between irrigable command area and gross command area.
(b) The rice crop requires 10 cm of water at an 7 interval of 8 days. Find the delta for rice. Make suitable assumptions.
5. (a) With the help of a typical labelled layout. 7 Explain briefly the different components of a canal.
(b) Explain ill effects of canal irrigation. 7
6. Explain two important methods of well 14 development. Calculate the discharge from a fully penetrating well of 300 mm diameter with the following data.
Aquifer thickness -20 m
Drawdown -5 m
Permeability $\quad-2 \mathrm{~cm} / \mathrm{min}$
Radius of influences - 400 m .
7. Write short notes on the following :
(a) Water quality parameters
(b) Fertigation
(c) Pump performance and selection
(d) Furrow irrigation.
