## B.Tech. Civil (Construction Management)/ B.Tech. Civil (Water Resources Engineering) B.Tech. (Aero space Engineering)

## Term-End Examination 01289 June, 2012 ET-101(A) : MATHEMATICS-I

Time : 3 hours

Maximum Marks : 70

Note: All questions are compulsory. Use of calculator is allowed.

1.	Answer any five of the following :			5x4=20
	(a)	If $f(x) = \cos x$	$o \le x < \frac{\pi}{2}$	
		$=x-\frac{\pi}{2}$	$\frac{\pi}{2} < x \le \pi$	
		=1	$x=\frac{\pi}{2}$	
	Discuss the continuity of $f(x)$ at $x = \frac{\pi}{2}$			2
	(b)	Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ , if $y = (\sin x)^{\cos x} + (\cos x)^{\sin x}$		
	(c)	Evaluate (any one of the following)		
		(i) $x \to 0 \frac{\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{1 - \cos x}{\sin^2 x}}{\sin^2 x}$	<u>x</u>	
	$\lim_{t \to \infty} \int \int \frac{1}{2t} dt dt$			

(ii)  $\lim_{n \to \infty} \left( \sqrt{n^2 + n} - n \right)$ 

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- (d) Show that the normal at the point  $\theta = \frac{\pi}{4}$ to the curve  $x = 3 \cos\theta - \cos^3\theta$ ;  $y = 3 \sin\theta - \sin^3\theta$ passes through the origin.
- (e) Calculate the radius and the height of a right circular cylinder of maximum volume which can be cut from a sphere of radius R.

(f) If 
$$x = r \cos \theta$$
,  $y = r \sin \theta$ ,  $z = z$ ,

find 
$$\frac{\partial(x, y, z)}{\partial(r, \theta, z)}$$

**2.** Answer *any four* of the following :  $4x^{4}$ 

4x4=16

(a) Evaluate (Any one of the following)

(i) 
$$\int x \sin x^2 dx$$

(ii) 
$$\int \frac{\left(\sin^{-1}x\right)^3}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$$

(b) Evaluate 
$$\int_{\theta}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\sqrt{\sin x}}{\sqrt{\sin x} + \sqrt{\cos x}} dx$$

- (c) Find the area bounded by :  $y^2 = 9x$  and  $x^2 = 9y$
- (d) Calculate  $\int_{0}^{10} \frac{dx}{1+x^2}$ , using Simpson's one third

rule with ten interval.

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(e) Solve (any one)

(i) 
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = (4x+y+1)^2$$

(ii) 
$$\cos x \frac{dy}{dx} = y \sin x + y^3 \cos^2 x$$

(f) If 
$$z = e^{ax + by}$$
 and  $(ax - by)$ , prove that  
 $b\frac{\partial z}{\partial x} + a\frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = 2 ab z$ 

## 3. Answer *any four* of the following : 4x4=16

(a) If 
$$R = x\hat{i} + y\hat{j} + z\hat{k}$$
, show that

(i) 
$$\nabla . R = 3$$
 (ii)  $\nabla \times R = 0$ 

(b) Show that the following vector is solenoidal :

$$\left(-x^2+yz\right)\hat{i}+\left(4y-z^2x\right)\hat{j}+\left(2xz-4z\right)\hat{k}$$

(c) Find curl (curl A)

Given A = 
$$x^2y\hat{i} + y^2z\hat{j} + z^2y\hat{k}$$

- (d) Find the total work done in moving a particle in a force field given by F = 3xy î 5z ĵ + 10 xk along the curve x = t<sup>2</sup> + 1, y = 2t<sup>2</sup>, z = t<sup>3</sup> from t = 1 to t = 2.
  (e) Show that the following vector is
- (e) Show that the following vector is irrotational, and find the scalar potential

$$F = 2xy\,\hat{i} + (x^2 + 2yz)\,\hat{j} + (y^2 + 1)\,k$$

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## (f) Evaluate $\iint F.n \, ds$ where $F = 4x \, z \, \hat{i} - y^2 \, \hat{j} + y \, z \, \hat{k}$ and s is the surface of the cube bounded by x = 0, x = 1, y = 0,y = 1, z = 0, z = 1.

4. Answer *any six* of the following : 6x3=18

(a) Show that 
$$\begin{vmatrix} 3 & 7-4i & -2+5i \\ 7+4i & -2 & 3+i \\ -2-5i & 3-i & 4 \end{vmatrix}$$
 is a

Hermitian matrix.

(b) Find the sum and product of the eigen

values of 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & -2 \\ -2 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$
.

(c) Express A as the sum of a symmetric and a skew symmetric matrix, where

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 2 & -3 \\ 1 & 3 & -6 \\ -5 & 0 & -7 \end{bmatrix}.$$

(d) Verify that 
$$\frac{1}{3}\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & 2 \\ -2 & 1 & 2 \\ -2 & -2 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$
 is an

orthogonal matrix.

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(e) Find the inverse of the matrix

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 2 & 3 & -1 \\ -1 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

(f) Given

$$3\begin{bmatrix} x & y \\ z & w \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x & 6 \\ -1 & 2 & w \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 4 & x+y \\ z+w & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

(g) Find the rank of the following matrix

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 4 & 7 \\ 3 & 6 & 10 \end{bmatrix}$$

(h) Solve the following equations by Cramer's rule

$$x - y + 2z = 5$$
  

$$3x + y + z = 8$$
  

$$2x - 2y + 3z = 7$$

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