BACHELOR IN COMPUTER APPLICATIONS

08187

Term-End Examination
June, 2012

BCS-061: TCP / IP PROGRAMMING

Time: 2 hours Maximum Marks: 60

Note: Question no. 1 is compulsory.

Answer any three question from the rest.

- 1. (a) Assume you have a class B address and you need to divide into 200 subnetworks with maximum possible number of hosts in each subnet. Calculate and assign the mask for it.
 - (b) Differentiate between close () and 5 shutdown () system calls used in network programming in Unix. Also, give an example of each.
 - (c) Write an algorithm each for UDP client and UDP server with the following specifications.

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- (i) Client program will send a number to the server on its address.
- (ii) Server should be able to handle multiple clients (maximum 4) and send the square of the number to its clients.

Note: Make assumptions, if necessary.

- (d) "IP is unreliable, best effort and connection 5- less protocol". Justify the statement.
- (e) What is the role of ICMP? List the network 5 information it carries.
- 2. (a) What does fragment offset field in the header of IP datagram represent? Also, explain the maximum number of fragments that can result from a single IP datagram.
 - (b) Explain the conditions which forces the retransmission of the TCP segment.
- 3. (a) Explain the working of Sliding Window 5 protocol with an example.
 - (b) What is a use of MIME? Give any four 5 Reader Components of MIME.

- 4. (a) Compare and write advantages and 5 limitations of Distance Vector Routing and Link State Routing.
 - (b) Write the significance of ARP and RARP . 5
 Also, write the similarities and differences between both.
- Explain the Syntax of following system calls along with the meaning of parameters used by them.
 - (a) Sendmsg()
 - (b) Listen ()
 - (c) htons()
 - (d) read ()
 - (e) bind ()