## MASTER OF COMPUTER

## APPLICATIONS

## (MCA) (NEW)

## Term-End Examination

December, 2023

## MCS-212 : DISCRETE MATHEMATICS

Time : 3 Hours
Maximum Marks : 100
Weightage : 70\%
Note : Question No. 1 is compulsory and carries 40 marks. Attempt any three questions from
the rest four questions (Question Nos. 2 to 5).

1. (a) Apply the precedence rules and write the truth table for the expression

$$
\begin{equation*}
p \rightarrow q \wedge \sim r \leftrightarrow r \oplus q . \tag{4}
\end{equation*}
$$

P. T. O.
(b) Show that $[(p \rightarrow q) \wedge \sim q] \rightarrow \sim p$ is a tautology, without using truth table. 4
(c) What is Dynamic Programming ? Write four major steps involved in dynamic programming.
(d) Explain Conjunctive Normal Form (CNF) with a suitable example.
(e) Find inverse of the function $f(x)=\frac{x-2}{x-3}$. 4
(f) What is Kleene closure ? Write Kleene closure for the following set of alphabets : 4
(i) $\Sigma=\{a a, b\}$
(ii) $\Sigma=\{a, b a\}$
(g) What is a Turing machine ? Discuss the elements of the six tuple form of the Turing machine (Half State Version). 4
(h) Suppose A and B are mutually exclusive events such that $\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{A})=0.3$ and $\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{B})=0.4$. What is the probability that :
(i) A or B occurs
(ii) Either A or B does not occur?
(i) State Pigeonhole principle and InclusionExclusion principle.
(j) Write and prove the Handshaking theorem.
2. (a) Write down the statement "If it is raining and the rain implies that no one can go to play the match, then no one can go to play the match" as a compound proposition. Show that this proposition is a tautology, by using the principles of logical equivalence.
(b) Write Floyd Warshall's algorithm and apply it to find the shortest path for the graph given below (starting from vertex 1) :

P. T. O.
(c) Realize Conjunction, Disjunction and Negation (i.e. AND, OR and NOT) operation using switches. Also write truth table for each.
3. (a) If A is a set with $n$ elements, then prove that $|\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{A})|=2^{n}$, where $\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{A})$ is power set of A.
(b) Compare Moore and Mealy machines.
(c) What is Turing Machine ? Explain the working of the constituent components of the Turing machine with the help of a block diagram.
4. (a) Suppose we have three teams $\mathrm{T}_{1}, \mathrm{~T}_{2}$ and $\mathrm{T}_{3}$. Team $\mathrm{T}_{1}$ has 4 members, $\mathrm{T}_{2}$ has 5 members and $\mathrm{T}_{3}$ has 6 members in a competition. Suppose we want to select two persons from the same team, to become captain and vice-captain for each team. In how many ways this can be done?
(b) Suppose 5 points are chosen at random within or on the boundary of an equilateral triangle of side 1 metre. Use Pigeonhole principle to show that we can find two points at a distance of at most $1 / 2$ metre. 5
(c) Discuss the application of InclusionExclusion principle for finding the number of derangements with a suitable example.
(d) Given the recurrence relation $\mathrm{C}_{n}=\mathrm{C}_{n-1}+(n-1)$ with boundary condition $\mathrm{C}_{2}=1$, show that $\mathrm{C}_{n}=\frac{n(n-1)}{2}$, where $\mathrm{C}_{n}$ is the number of comparisons required to sort a list of $n$ integers.
5. Explain any five of the following with suitable example for each :

$$
5 \times 4=20
$$

(i) Bipartite graph and its applications
P. T. O.
(ii) Circuits and cycles in a graph
(iii) Edge connectivity and Edge traceability
(iv) Hamiltonian graph and Ore's criterion
(v) Travelling salesman problem
(vi) Planar graphs

