CERTIFICATE IN CO-OPERATION, CO-OPERATIVE LAW AND BUSINESS LAW (CCLBL)

Term-End Examination

December, 2021

BLE-012 : CO-OPERATIVE LAW

Time : 3 hours

Maximum Marks : 100

Note: This question paper is divided into three parts : Part A, Part B and Part C. All parts are compulsory.

PART A

Write notes on any four of the following in about200 words each. Each note carries 5 marks. $4 \times 5 = 20$

- 1. Model Co-operative Act, 1991
- 2. Model Bye-laws
- 3. Ground for Refusal of Membership
- 4. Representative General Body
- 5. Co-operative Dispute

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PART B

Attempt any **five** of the following questions in about 400 words each. Each question carries 10 marks. $5 \times 10=50$

- 6. Discuss the role and function of Co-operative Law in India.
- 7. Discuss the important changes made in the new Multi-State Co-operative Societies Act, 2002.
- 8. What are the rights of members to the services of a Co-operative Society ? Discuss.
- **9.** Write a note on deployment of funds by Co-operative Societies.
- **10.** What is audit ? Who is empowered to conduct or carry out the audit and re-audit of a Co-operative Society ?
- **11.** What is Appeal, with respect to Co-operative disputes ? Discuss the powers of appellate authority.
- **12.** Write a note on the powers of a liquidator.

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PART C

Attempt any two of the following questions in about600 words. Each question carries 15 marks.2×15=30

- Discuss the condition and procedure for registration of Co-operative Societies in India. Also explain the objectives for forming a Co-operative Society.
- 14. What are the grounds for supersession of a Co-operative Society ? Explain the procedure to be followed before superseding the society. Discuss two cases on supersession.
- 15. What is revision ? Who is competent to call for records and from whom, for revision ? Also discuss with the help of case laws, the procedure followed for revision.
- 16. Discuss the powers of State Government to make rules with respect to election for Co-operative Societies. Illustrate a few case laws on election disputes.