## MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME

## (MP)

## Term-End Examination

December, 2020

## MS-08 : QUANTITATIVE ANLAYSIS FOR MANAGERIAL APPLICATIONS

Time : 3 Hours
Maximum Marks : 100
Note: (i) Section $A$ has six questions, each carrying 15 marks. Attempt any four questions from this Section.
(ii) Section $B$ is compulsory and carries 40 marks. Attempt both questions.
(iii) Use of calculator is permitted.

## Section-A

1. Suppose the price $p$ and quantity $q$ of a commodity are related by the equation :

$$
q=30-4 p-p^{2}
$$

Find :
(i) Elasticity of demand, $e_{q}$ defined as

$$
=\frac{-d_{q} / q}{d_{p} / p} \text { at } p=2, \text { and }
$$

(ii) Marginal Revenue (MR) defined as $=\frac{d \mathrm{R}}{d q}$, where $\mathrm{R}=p . q$.
2. Explain arithmetic mean along with its properties. Also explain the relationship among mean, mode and median with the help of a diagram.
3. What do you understand by decision theory ? What are the various key issues in decision theory ? Explain decision tree approach also.
4. A stock-market analyst wants to estimate the average return on a certain stock. A random sample of 15 days yields an average (annualized) rent of $10.37 \%$ and sample standard deviation is 3.5 . Assuming a normal distribution of returns, give a $95 \%$ confidence
interval for the average return on this stock. (The value for given statistic at $n=14$ is 2.145).
5. What are long-term decisions ? What are the various methods used in forecasting long-term decisions?
6. Write short notes on any three of the following :
(a) Classification of statistical methods
(b) Guidelines for choosing the classes
(c) Random variable
(d) Type I and Type II error
(e) Correlation coefficient

## Section-B

7. A bag contains 4 red and 4 black balls, another bag contains 2 red and 6 black balls. One of the 2 bags is selected at random and a ball is drawn from the bag which is found to be red. Find the probability that it is drawn from 1st bag.
8. In a group of 300 students, each person is asked about his/her favourite subject area. Based on
data given below, is it reasonable to conclude that subject preference is independent of the gender:

| Gender | Maths | Science | Humanities | Total |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Male | 37 | 41 | 44 | 122 |
| Female | 35 | 72 | 71 | 178 |
| Total | 72 | 113 | 115 | 300 |

Taking the significance level as $5 \%$.
(The value of test statistic at 2 degree of freedom is 5.991).

