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**BNS-105**

**POST BASIC  
BACHELOR OF SCIENCE (NURSING)  
B. Sc. (N) (PB)  
Term-End Examination  
December, 2019**

**BNS-105 : BEHAVIOURAL SCIENCES  
(SOCIOLOGY, GENERAL PSYCHOLOGY AND  
EDUCATIONAL PSYCHOLOGY)**

*Time : 3 Hours*

*Maximum Marks : 70*

***Instructions :***

*Behavioural Sciences course comprises of the following two parts :*

***PART-A : Sociology*** – 35 Marks

***PART-B : General Psychology and  
Educational Psychology*** – 35 Marks

*Students appearing for Behavioural Sciences course examination should follow the relevant instructions given below :*

*The students should answer the questions of both the parts in separate answer sheets provided. On the top of each answer sheet, the student enter the Enrolment No., Course Code, Course Title and Parts.*

## Part—A

(Marks : 35)

**(Sociology)**

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**Note : Attempt all questions.**

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1. Write in brief about the following : 5×2=10
  - (a) Society
  - (b) Culture
  - (c) Norms
  - (d) Belief
  - (e) Value
  
2. (a) Discuss the concept of social structure. 4  
(b) Explain the types of social structure with example. 6
  
3. Write brief notes on any *three* of the following : 3×5=15
  - (a) Patient's definition of sickness
  - (b) Health status indicators
  - (c) Common problems associated with urbanization
  - (d) Factors influencing social change

(General Psychology and Educational  
Psychology)

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*Note : Attempt seven questions in all. Q. No. 8 is compulsory.*

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1. Explain Freud's Psychosexual theory of development. 5
2. Write briefly about the various sources of stress. 5
3. Briefly describe the tests used for assessment of personality. 5
4. Explain, how 'as a nurse you would apply knowledge of individual differences in your practice. 5
5. Describe classical conditioning. 5
6. Briefly discuss about the attitude scales. 5
7. Discuss, how can you as a student make your learning more effective. 5

8. Fill in the blanks :

1×5=5

- (a) A scientific study of behaviour and mental processes is called as .....
- (b) A defense mechanism in which an individual tries to refuse or acknowledge a painful or threatening reality is called as .....
- (c) A state of focussed awareness with readiness to respond is called as .....
- (d) Any relatively permanent change in behaviour that occurs as a result of practice or experience is called as .....
- (e) Ethical or moral dimension of personality is .....