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BET-023

## DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING [DCLE(G)]

Term-End Examination
December, 2019
BET-023 : ELEMENTS OF SURVEY

## Time : 2 Hours <br> Maximum Marks : 70

Note : Question number 1 is compulsory. Attempt any four more questions from the remaining questions. All questions carry equal marks.

1. Choose the correct alternative : $\quad 7 \times 2=14$
(a) Geodesic surveying is different from plane surveying because of :
(i) coverage of large area
(ii) the curvature of the earth
(iii) undulations of the topography (iv) the large difference of elevations between various points
(b) Which of the following is an obstacle to chaining but not to ranging?
(i) Hillock
(ii) Building

4- (iii) Edex
$\gamma$
(iv) Cinema hall
(c) If the fore bearing of a line is $45^{\circ}$, then its back bearing will be :
Hotant
(i) $45^{\circ}$

(iii) $180^{\circ}$
(iv) $135^{\circ}$
(d) The following sights are taken on a turning point :
(i) Fore sight and back bight

I/ (ii) Fore sight only
(triii) Back sight only
(iv) Fore sight and intermediate sight only
(e) The process of turning the telescope about the vertied axis in horizontal plane is knownager uyo mit to 5
(i) transiting namb
(ii) swinging
(i) (iii) reversing
(iv) plunging
(f) Contour interval is:
(i) the horizontal distance between two consecutive contours
(ii) the horizontal distance between two points on same contour
(iii) the vertical distance between two consecutive contours
(iv) The vertical distance between two points on same contour
(g) The two point problem and three point problon are methods of 1 it
(i) resection
(ii) orientation

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(iii) intersection

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(iv) resection and orientation
2. (a) Classify surveying based on methods and phases. 7
(b) Describer differrent types of maps anatheir representative scale.

7
3. (a) Describe the principle construotioniand use of an optical square.
(B-34) P. T. O.
4. (a) Define the following: $7 \times 1=7$
(i) Magnetic Declination
(ii) Isogonic Lines
(iii) Agonic Lines
(iv) Magnetic Dip
(v) Traversing
(vi) Local Attraction
(vii) Damping
(b) Convert the following reduced bearing to whole circle bearing :
(i) $\mathrm{N} 70^{\circ} 30^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$
(ii) $\mathrm{S} 40^{\circ} 20^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$
(iii) $\mathrm{S} 55^{\circ} 30^{\prime} \mathrm{W}$
(iv) $\mathrm{N} 40^{\circ} 30^{\prime} \mathrm{W}$
5. (a) Describe the adjustments of dumpy level. 7
(b) Discuss the principle of reciprocal levelling with the help of a neat sketch.
6. (a) Explain the advantages and disadvantages of "Plane Table Surveying".
(b) Describe in detail, how you would accurately orient the plane table at a station using two point problem technique. 7
7. (a) Discuss the measurement of horizontal angle by method of repetition. 7
(b) Explain the procedure followed for removing the parallax during setting up theodolite at a station. 7
8. Write short notes on the following : $4 \times 3 \frac{1}{2}=14$
(a) Offsets 1
(b) Face left and face right of observations by a theodolite
(c) Lehman's rule
(d) Contouring

