# DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING (DCLE(G)) / DIPLOMA IN MECHANICAL ENGINEERING (DME) / DCLEVI / DMEVI / DELVI / DECVI / DCSVI / ACCLEVI / ACMEVI / ACELVI / <br> <br> ACECVI / ACCSVI 

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## Term-End Examination

December, 2019

ロロ541
BET-012 : PHYSICS

Time: 2 hours
Maximum Marks : 70
Note: Question no. 1 is compulsory. Attempt any four questions from the remaining questions no. 2 to 8. Use of scientific calculator is permitted.

1. Choose the correct answer from the four alternatives given below :
(a) Unit of stress is
(i) $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{m}$
(ii) $\mathrm{N} \times \mathrm{m}$
(iii) $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$
(iv) $\mathrm{N} \times \mathrm{m}^{2}$
(b) Venturimeter works on
(i) Archimedes' principle
(ii) Stokes' law
(iii) Principle of Bernoulli's equation
(iv) Equation of Continuity
(c) The root mean square speed of a molecule is proportional
(i) Directly to temperature
(ii) Inversely to temperature
(iii) To the square root of temperature
(iv) To the square of the temperature
(d) Loudness of a sound depends upon
(i) Wavelength
(ii) Frequency
(iii) Amplitude
(iv) Overtones
(e) The unit for the constant of proportionality K used in Coulomb's law is
(i) $\mathrm{Nm}^{2}$
(ii) $\mathrm{Nm}^{2} \mathrm{C}^{-2}$
(iii) N
(iv) $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{m}$
(f) Which of the following materials have relative permeability less than one?
(i) Diamagnetic
(ii) Paramagnetic
(iii) Ferromagnetic
(iv) Antiferromagnetic
(g) Mirage is observed in the desert due to the phenomenon of
(i) Total internal reflection
(ii) Refraction
(iii) Dispersion
(iv) Interference
2. (a) Explain the cause of surface tension on the basis of cohesive forces.
(b) A copper cube of mass 0.50 kg is weighed in water and its mass is found to be 0.40 kg . Is the cube hollow or solid ? Take the densities of water and copper as $10^{3} \mathrm{~kg} \mathrm{~m}^{-3}$ and $8.96 \times 10^{3} \mathrm{~kg} \mathrm{~m}^{-3}$ respectively.
(c) What is Poisson's Ratio ? Derive the necessary formula used. $\quad 5+5+4$
3. (a) Explain the transfer of heat through conduction, convection and radiation.
(b) Calculate the average energy of an air molecule at a temperature of 300 K $\left(\mathrm{k}_{\mathrm{B}}=1.38 \times 10^{-23} \mathrm{JK}^{-1}\right)$.
(c) State any four basic assumptions of the Kinetic theory of gases.
4. (a) Define the intensity of sound. How does it vary with distance from the source?
(b) An air column, disturbed by a tuning fork of frequency 256 Hz , gives resonance at column lengths 33.4 cm and 101.8 cm . Calculate the speed of sound in air.
(c) Explain the effect of pressure and temperature on the speed of sound in a gaseous medium. $4+5+5$
5. (a) State the laws of reflection with the help of diagrams.
(b) Calculate the critical angle for a glass-water interface, if the refractive indices of glass and water are $3 / 2$ and $4 / 3$ respectively.
(c) Define the power of a lens. Write its unit. $5+5+4$
6. (a) State Coulomb's law. Write its mathematical formula.
(b) Calculate the resistivity of the material of a wire 2 m long, 0.2 mm in diameter and having a resistance of 4 ohm .
(c) Describe the working of a potentiometer. $5+5+4$
7. (a) Explain the working of a cyclotron with the help of a diagram.
(b) Determine the magnitude of the magnetic field at a point 20 cm away from a straight wire which carries a current of 5 A . (Given $\mu_{0}=4 \pi \times 10^{-7} \mathrm{TA}^{-1} \mathrm{~m}$ )
(c) Distinguish between diamagnetic and paramagnetic materials. $5+5+4$
8. Write short notes on any four of the following : $4 \times 3 \frac{1}{2}=14$
(a) Equation of Continuity
(b) Viscosity
(c) Stefan's Law
(d) Simple Microscope
(e) Galvanometer
(f) Biot-Savart's Law
