## 1364424

# MASTER OF COMPUTER <br> APPLICATION (MCA) <br> Term-End Examination 

December, 2019
MCS-021 : DATA AND FILE STRUCTURES
Time : 3 Hours
Maximum Marks : 100
Weightage : 75\%

Note: Question No. 1 is compulsory Attempt any three questions from the rest. All algorithms should be written nearer to C-language.

1. (a) Order the following functions by their complexity in increasing order :
(i) $n \log n$
(ii) $(\log n)^{2}$
(iii) $3 n^{2}+7 n$
(iv) $4^{n}$

615 (B-28) P. T. O.
(b) Given the function $f(x)=3 x^{3}+2 x^{2}+1$, show that $f(x)=O\left(x^{3}\right)$ using the definition of $O$ (big oh). 4
(c) A recursive function is given below :

$$
\begin{aligned}
& f(\text { int } x) \\
& \{ \\
& \text { if }(x<2) \text { return } 1 \\
& \text { else }
\end{aligned}
$$

return $f(x-1)+f(x-2)$
\}
What is the value of $f(5)$ ! Show a complete recursion tree.
(d) Evaluate the postfix expression:

$$
623+-382 \mid+ \text { * } 2 \text { * * } 3+
$$

(e) How do you define balance of a subtree ? Construct an AVL-tree (height balanced tree) for the following sequences of input:
jadnosmfjkl

- (f) Apply the Bubble sort algorithm to sort the following list. What is the time complexity of bubble sort ?

$$
\begin{array}{llllllll}
35 & 30 & 10 & 40 & 25 & 28 & 15 & 9
\end{array}
$$

(g) Apply Dijkstra's single source shortest path algorithm to find out the shortest path from a vertex $a$ to every other vertex of the following graph :

2. (a) Write an algorithm for Greatest Common /Divisor (GCD) of the two integers $m$ and $n$. Also calculate best case and the worst case time complexity of the algorithm.
(b) Write an algorithm to implement a stack through a linked list and delete an item from it.
3. (a) Write an algorithm to implement a Depth First Search method. Write the order of node sequences it will visit in the following graph * using this technique :


* using $V_{1}$ as the source vertex.
(b) Make a 3 -tuple representation of non-zero elements of the following $6 \times 5$ sparse matrix : 3

|  | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| 3 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| 4 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 |
| 5 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 4 | 0 |

(c) Write an algorithm to implement a circular array and explain the logic.
4. (a) What is a minimum spanning tree ? Apply Prim's algorithm to find minimum spanning tree of the following graph :

10


1
(b) What is a min-heap? Build a min-heap of the following sequences using top-down approach :

## INTERNATIONAL

5. (a) What are the properties of a RBT (RedBlack Tree) ? Explain the process of inserting a node into RBT through an example. 10

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(b) Given the following BST (Binary Search Tree). Write down its preorder and postorder traversal schemes :

(c) Explain the following terms:
(i) Asymptotic Analysis
(ii) Indexed Sequential File

