

**DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING (DCLE(G)) /  
DIPLOMA IN MECHANICAL ENGINEERING  
(DME) / DCLEVI / DMEVI / DELVI / DECVI /  
DCSVI / ACCLEVI / ACMEVI / ACELVI /  
ACECVI / ACCSVI**

**Term-End Examination**

**00983**

**December, 2018**

**BET-014 : APPLIED MECHANICS**

*Time : 2 hours*

*Maximum Marks : 70*

*Note : Attempt any **five** questions. All questions carry equal marks. Assume suitable data wherever necessary. Use of scientific calculator is permitted.*

1. Four coplanar forces of magnitude 40 N, 30 N, 20 N and 50 N act at various directions as shown in Figure 1 below. Find the magnitude and direction of the resultant force.

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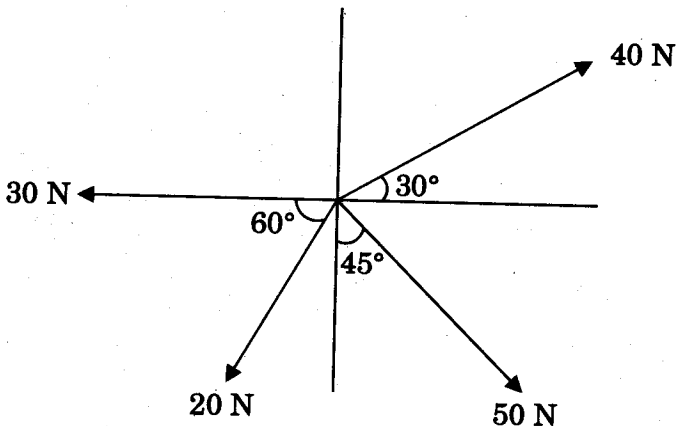


Figure 1

2. A smooth sphere weighing 200 N is resting against smooth walls as shown in Figure 2 below. Determine the reactions at the supports. 14

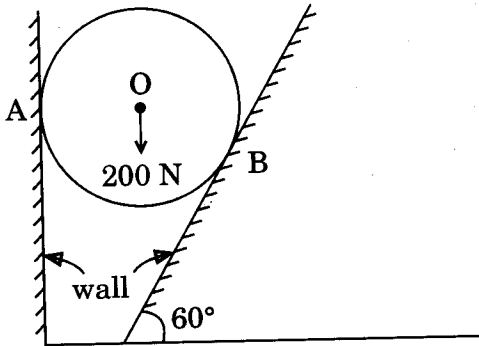


Figure 2

3. A beam AB is hinged at A and is supported at C. It is loaded as shown in Figure 3 below. Find out the reactions at A and C. 14

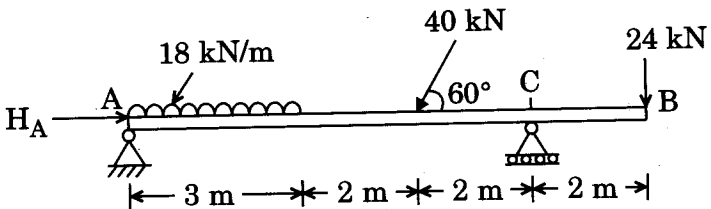


Figure 3

4. Find the position of C.G. of a wall section shown in Figure 4.

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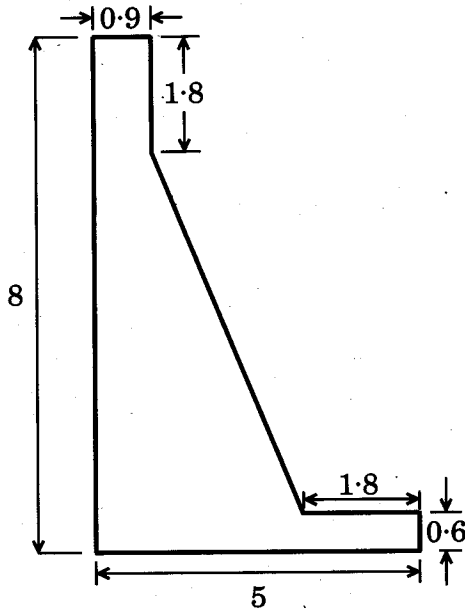


Figure 4

All dimensions are in metres.

5. A body weighing 500 N is resting on an inclined plane making an angle of  $30^\circ$  with the horizontal. The coefficient of friction is 0.3. A force P is applied parallel to and up the inclined plane. Determine the least value of P when the body is just on the point of movement
- (a) Case 1, moving down
- (b) Case 2, moving up

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6. A cage of self-mass of 1000 kg is carrying a shift load of six passengers of average mass 65 kg. If the cage is moving with

- (a) a uniform acceleration of  $2 \text{ m/sec}^2$  upwards
- (b) a uniform acceleration of  $2 \text{ m/sec}^2$  downwards

(c) a uniform velocity of 5 m/s downwards,

find

- (i) the tension in the wire supporting the cage, and
- (ii) the reaction of the cage on the crew and of the crew on the cage.

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Assume  $g = 10 \text{ m/sec}^2$ .

7. When a motorcyclist is riding west at 40 km/h, he finds the rain meeting him at an angle of  $45^\circ$  with the vertical. When he rides at 24 km/h, he finds the rain at an angle of  $30^\circ$  with the vertical. What is the actual velocity (magnitude and direction) of the rain ?

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