## B.Tech. – VIEP – ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING (BTECVI)

## **Term-End Examination**

## December, 2018

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## **BIEL-007 : SIGNALS AND SYSTEMS**

Time : 3 hours

Maximum Marks : 70

Note: All questions carry equal marks. Use of scientific calculator is allowed. Attempt any *five* questions.

 (a) Check whether the following system is Time Invariant/Time Variant and also Causal/Non causal:

$$\mathbf{y}(\mathbf{t}) = \mathbf{x}\left(\frac{\mathbf{t}}{3}\right)$$

(b) Find out whether the following signals are energy or power signals or neither power nor energy. Determine power or energy as the case may be for the signal

$$x(t) = u(t) + 5u(t-1) - 2u(t-2).$$

(c) Determine if the signal x(n) given below is periodic. If yes, give its fundamental period. If not, state why it is aperiodic.

$$\mathbf{x}(\mathbf{n}) = \sin(\frac{6\pi}{7} \mathbf{n} + 1)$$

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2. (a) Perform convolution to find the response of the system

 $x(n) = \{1, -1, 2, 3\}, h(n) = \{1, -2, 3, -1\}.$ 

 (b) For a Causal LTI system the input x(n) and output y(n) are related through a difference equation

$$y(n) - \frac{1}{6}y(n-1) - \frac{1}{6}y(n-2) = x(n).$$

Determine the frequency response  $H(e^{j\omega})$ and the impulse response h(n) of the system.

- **3.** (a) Find the Fourier transform of a rectangular pulse with width T and amplitude A.
  - (b) Determine the unit step response of the LTI system defined by

$$\frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial t^2} + 5 \frac{\partial y}{\partial t} + 6y(t) = \frac{\partial x}{\partial t} + x(t)$$

**4.** (a) Determine the continuous time Fourier transform of the signal

$$\mathbf{x}(t) = t \mathbf{e}^{\mathbf{a}t} \mathbf{u}(t)$$

where u(t) is the unit step function. 7

(b) If  $x(t) \leftrightarrow X(\omega)$ , then using time shifting property show that  $x(t + T) + x(t - T) \leftrightarrow 2X(\omega) \cos \omega T$ 

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5. (a) A causal system has

$$\begin{aligned} x(n) &= \delta(n) + \frac{1}{4} \delta(n-1) - \frac{1}{8} \delta(n-2) \\ \text{and } y(n) &= \delta(n) - \frac{3}{4} \delta(n-1). \end{aligned}$$

Find the impulse response and output if

$$\mathbf{x}(\mathbf{n}) = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\mathbf{n}} \mathbf{u}(\mathbf{n}).$$
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(b) List the different properties of Fourier transform. Prove any two of the properties.

 (a) Determine the Fourier series expansion for a periodic ramp signal with unit amplitude and a period T.

(b) Find the DTFT of 
$$x(n) = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n-1} u(n-1)$$

7. (a) Using suitable Z-transform properties, find X(Z) if

$$x(n) = (n-2) \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{n-2} u(n-2)$$

(b) Find inverse Z-transform of X(Z) using power series expansion technique :

$$X(Z) = \frac{Z}{2Z^2 - 3Z + 1} |Z| > 1$$

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