No. of Printed Pages: 7

ET-105(B)

B.Tech. Civil (Construction Management)/ B.Tech. Civil (Water Resources Engineering)

Term-End Examination

December, 2018

20200

ET-105(B) : CHEMISTRY

Time : 3 hours

Maximum Marks: 70

P.T.O.

- Note: Question no. 1 is compulsory. Attempt seven questions in all. Use of calculator is allowed.
- 1. Choose the most appropriate option/answer for the following questions : $10 \times 1 = 10$
 - (a) The equilibrium constant for the dissociation of PCl_5 at 250°C and a total pressure of 1 bar is 1.78. Calculate the degree of dissociation.

 $PCl_5 \neq PCl_3 + Cl_2$

- (i) 0·8
- (ii) **0**·2
- (iii) **0·01**
- (iv) 1

(b) The degree of freedom at triple point is

- (i) **1**
- (ii) **2**
- (iii) **3**
- (iv) zero

ET-105(B)

- (c) Which one is the more common form of 'Tin'?
 - (i) Grey Tin
 - (ii) White Tin
 - (iii) Yellow Tin
 - (iv) Rhombic Tin
- (d) Which of the following shows Geometrical Isomerism?
 - (i) Dichlorodiammineplatinum
 - (ii) Glucose
 - (iii) Tetraamminetrinitrochromium(III)
 - (iv) None of the above
- (e) Which of the following is true for an adiabatic transformation ?
 - (i) $W = C_v dT and q = \Delta S$
 - (ii) $W = C_n dT$ and $q = \Delta S$
 - (iii) $W = C_p dT$ and q = 0
 - (iv) $W = C_{y} dT$ and q = 0
- (f) A radioactive substance decays with a half-life of 10 minutes. Assuming first order kinetics, the rate constant would be
 - (i) 0.1623 min^{-1}
 - (ii) 0.0693 min^{-1}
 - (iii) 1.000 min^{-1}
 - (iv) None of the above

ET-105(B)

2

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- (g) Aldehydes and ketones have lower boiling points than the corresponding alcohols due to
 - (i) Van der Waals forces
 - (ii) Ionization energy
 - (iii) H-bonding
 - (iv) Dipole-dipole interaction
- (h) One of the major constituents of coal-tar is
 - (i) Cellulose
 - (ii) Citric acid
 - (iii) Toluene
 - (iv) Ethene
- (i) The shape and bond angle of C_2H_4 is
 - (i) Trigonal, 120°
 - (ii) Linear, 180°
 - (iii) Tetrahedral, 109° 28'

(iv) Angular, 30°

(j) What is the maximum number of electrons which can possess the following set of quantum numbers ?

n = 5, l = 3, m = +1

- (i) **4**
- (ii) 3
- (iii) **2**
- (iv) 1

ET-105(B)

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P.T.O.

- 2. (a) Draw the energy level diagram of homonuclear diatomic O_2 and calculate the bond order.
 - (b) What do you understand by the term molecular axis ? Identify the molecular axis in H_2 , NH_3 and benzene.

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- **3.** (a) Arrange the following acids in the order of increasing acidity, with explanation :
 - (i) Cl₂CHCOOH
 - (ii) CH₃COOH
 - (iii) Cl₃CCOOH
 - (iv) ClCH₂COOH
 - (b) What products would you expect if an ester is hydrolysed in the presence of hot aqueous sodium hydroxide ? Which of the following would be hydrolysed faster and why ?

(i)
$$C_2H_5C - OCH_3$$

 \parallel
O

(ii)
$$C_2H_5 - C - O - C - CH_3$$

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O CH_3

ET-105(B)

4

- 4. (a) Write the mechanism of photosynthesis.
 - (b) Explain the principle of production of a laser beam. Why is such a beam inherently monochromatic in nature ?
- 5. (a) What is Collision theory ? Derive an expression for the Collision theory.
 - (b) The value of k for the reaction $O + CH_4 \rightarrow CH_3 + OH$ varies with temperature as given below :

T (K)	$k (dm^{-3} mol^{-1} s^{-1})$
297	1.26×10^7
363	$9.2 imes 10^7$
419	$3.4 imes 10^8$
519	$2.5 imes 10^9$
605	$1.09 imes 10^{10}$
904	$1.3 imes 10^{11}$

Calculate the Arrhenius activation energy and the pre-exponential factor for the reaction.

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ET-105(B)

P.T.O.

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- **6.** (a) Derive $\overline{C}_p \overline{C}_v = R$.
 - (b) 3 moles of oxygen ($\overline{C}_p = 25.73 \text{ J K}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1}$) at 30°C and 10 bar pressure expand adiabatically to a pressure of 8.6 bar when the temperature falls to 17°C. Calculate the work done and heat absorbed by the gas.

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- 7. (a) Write a short note on 'Chemical Properties of Alkaline Earth Metals'.
 - (b) How can the similarity in the chemical properties of the lanthanides be explained ?
 - (c) Write the electronic configuration of the following ions :

₈O²⁻, ₂₂Ti³⁺

8. (a) The equilibrium constant for the reaction

 $CO_2(g) + H_2(g) \rightleftharpoons CO(g) + H_2O(g)$

at 959 K is 0.534. The partial pressures of CO_2 , H_2 , CO and H_2O in a reaction vessel are 0.2, 0.25, 0.3 and 0.25 bar respectively.

- (i) In which direction will the reaction proceed at 959 K?
- (ii) What will be the partial pressure at equilibrium?

ET-105(B)

- (b) What is Le Chatelier's principle ? Discuss it giving the example of formation of ammonia.
- 9. (a) What is a Galvanic cell ? Draw and explain laboratory version of the Daniell cell.
 - (b) Write a short note on protective measures against corrosion.

10. (a) Define Faraday's laws of electrolysis and electrolytic conduction. Explain their significance.

(b) Distinguish between Primary and Secondary cells.

ET-105(B)

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