POST GRADUATE DIPLOMA IN HIV MEDICINE

Term-End Examination December, 2017

MCMM-003 : SYSTEMIC INVOLVEMENT IN HIV AND STI

Time: 3 hours Maximum Marks: 70

Note: Attempt All Questions.

- Define anaemia. Name the drugs commonly used in HIV infected patients that can cause anaemia.
 A newly diagnosed 24 year old ART naïve HIV+ve lady is found to have a haemoglobin of 8.1 gm/dl. How will you evaluate this patient?
- 2. Define opportunistic infection. Discuss the 2+5 association of opportunistic infections with CD4 counts in HIV+ve patients.
- 3. Briefly describe the clinical features and laboratory 4+3 diagnosis of TB meningitis in a newly diagnosed HIV+ve patient.
- 4. What are the common causes of chronic diarrhoea 2+5 in an HIV infected patient? Outline the management of such a patient who presents with diarrhoea of more than 2 weeks duration and has a CD4 count of 184 cells/mm³.

5. How will you manage a 24 year old male patient who has come to the STI clinic with genital ulcers?

5x5

- 6. Write short notes on:
 - (a) Cotrimoxazole desensitization
 - (b) Oropharyngeal candidiasis
 - (c) Mycobacterium Avium Complex (MAC)
 - (d) Primary CNS lymphoma
 - (e) CMV retinitis