

**M.Sc. (MATHEMATICS WITH APPLICATIONS  
IN COMPUTER SCIENCE)**

**M.Sc. (MACS)**

**00801 Term-End Examination**

**December, 2017**

**MMTE-007 : SOFT COMPUTING AND ITS  
APPLICATIONS**

*Time : 2 hours*

*Maximum Marks : 50*

*(Weightage : 50%)*

**Note :**

- (i) *Question no. 7 is compulsory.*
- (ii) *Attempt any four questions from questions no. 1 to 6.*
- (iii) *Use of non-programmable scientific calculator is allowed.*

1. (a) How do classical sets differ from fuzzy sets ?  
Consider the two given fuzzy sets A and B.

$$A = \left\{ \frac{1}{2} + \frac{0.3}{4} + \frac{0.5}{6} + \frac{0.2}{8} \right\} \text{ and}$$

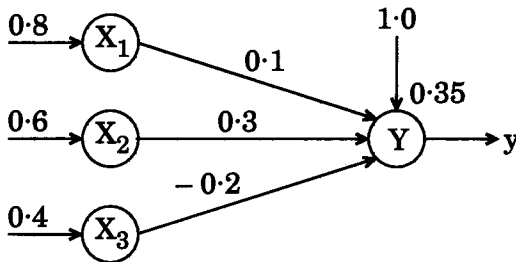
$$B = \left\{ \frac{0.5}{2} + \frac{0.4}{4} + \frac{0.1}{6} + \frac{1}{8} \right\}$$

Perform Union, Intersection, Complement  
and Difference operations over fuzzy sets A  
and B.

6

- (b) Compare and contrast the following with suitable examples : 4
- (i) Crisp K-NN classification technique and Fuzzy K-NN classification technique
  - (ii) Supervised pattern recognition and Unsupervised pattern recognition

2. (a) Implement AND function using McCulloch-Pitts neuron. 5
- (b) Obtain the output of the neuron Y for the network given below using activation function as (i) binary sigmoidal, and (ii) bipolar sigmoidal : 5



3. (a) Find the weights required to perform the following classification using perceptron network :

The vectors  $(1, 1, 1, 1)$  and  $(-1, 1, -1, -1)$  are belonging to the class (so have target value 1), vectors  $(1, 1, 1, -1)$  and  $(1, -1, -1, 1)$  are not belonging to the class (so have target value -1).

Assume learning rate as 1 and initial weights as 0.

6

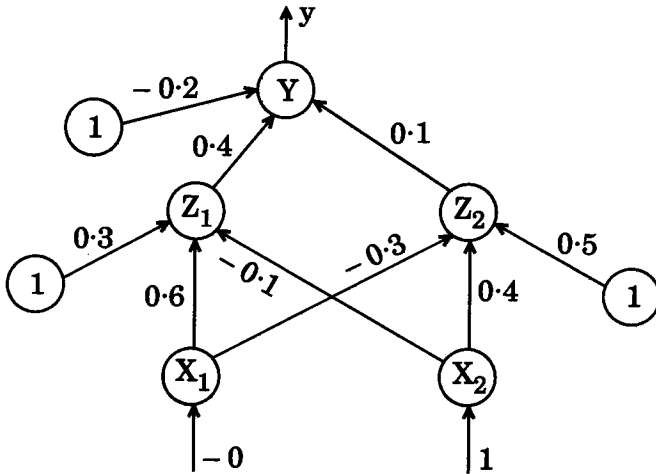
(b) Two fuzzy relations are given by

$$R = \begin{matrix} & y_1 & y_2 \\ x_1 & \begin{bmatrix} 0.6 & 0.3 \end{bmatrix} \\ x_2 & \begin{bmatrix} 0.2 & 0.9 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix} \text{ and } S = \begin{matrix} & z_1 & z_2 & z_3 \\ y_1 & \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0.5 & 0.3 \end{bmatrix} \\ y_2 & \begin{bmatrix} 0.8 & 0.4 & 0.7 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

Obtain fuzzy relation  $T$  as a composition between these fuzzy relations.

4

4. Using back-propagation algorithm, find the new weights for the following network [perform one iteration]:



Given that :

(a) Input pattern is  $[0, 1]$ .

(b) Target output is 1.

(c) Learning rate  $\alpha = 0.25$ .

(d) Activation function is binary sigmoidal.

10

5. (a) Generate the population in the next iteration using Roulette-Wheel criterion. 6

k	1	2	3	4	5
$F_k$	3.5	4.6	5	2.8	1.8

- (b) Write a formula describing the function defined by one-hidden-layer (already trained) MLP with a single output. Also, write a formula describing the function by a RBFN with a single output. How do they differ? 4

6. (a) Use a binary-coded Genetic Algorithm (GA) to minimize the function

$$f(x_1, x_2) = x_1 + x_2 - 2x_1^2 - x_2^2 + x_1 x_2$$

$$0 \leq x_1, x_2 \leq 5.$$

Use a random population of size  $N = 6$ , a single point crossover with probability  $P_c = 1$  and neglect mutation. Assume 3 bits for each variable. Perform one iteration. 6

- (b) Take any two fuzzy sets and verify any one of De Morgan's laws graphically and numerically. 4

7. State, giving reasons, whether the following statements are *True* or *False* : 5×2=10

- (a) A multilayer network with linear transfer function is equivalent to a single-layer network.
- (b) If a Genetic Algorithm is to be used to evolve a binary string of length  $n$  containing only 1's, and the initial population is a randomly generated set of binary strings of length  $n$ , then the suitable fitness function would be the sum of 1's in the string.
- (c) In the Hopfield network, the neurons belonging to the same layer receive inputs from the neurons of the previous layer and send their values only to neurons of the next layer.
- (d) Radial Basis Function (RBF) network is a local network.
- (e) The length of chromosomes to determine the maximum value of the set

$$S = \{x \mid 0 \leq x \leq 4096\} \text{ is } 12.$$