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# M,Sc. FOOTWEAR TECHNOLOGY (MSCFWT)

## 00430

#### **Term-End Examination**

#### December, 2017

MFW-036: LASTING

Time: 3 hours Maximum Marks: 70

Note: Attempt any seven questions. All questions carry equal marks.

- Describe the sequence of operations of flat lasted cemented construction with diagram. Use machine lasting process and PVC sole.
- 2. What type of adhesives would you generally use in the lasting department? Name and explain their usages.
- 3. Draw a diagram showing hand drafting pulls.

  Write the positions of the pulls and the checks
  after giving the drafting pulls.

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4.	<b>Define</b>	the	following	:

 $5 \times 2 = 10$ 

- (a) DMS
- (b) Thermoplasticity
- (c) Carbon paper test
- (d) Hinge in a last
- (e) Priming

### 5. Give reasons for the following:

 $4 \times 2 \frac{1}{2} = 10$ 

- (a) Toluene is preferred over MEK for activation of toe puff during hand lasting.
- (b) Semi-chrome leather requires lower heat setting temperature.
- (c) McKay stitch is used in moccasin shoes.
- (d) Bottom filler is used in flat lasted footwear.

## 6. Answer the following:

 $4 \times 2 \frac{1}{2} = 10$ 

- (a) What do you understand by specific and mechanical adhesion?
- (b) Why are hardeners used in adhesives?
- (c) Why is U.V. pigment used in T.P.R. primer?
- (d) State the purpose of heat setting.

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- 7. Write down the preparation required for the following sole materials and adhesives used while attaching them with leather uppers:  $4\times2\frac{1}{2}=10$ 
  - (a) EVA
  - (b) TPR
  - (c) Leather Sole
  - (d) Micro Cellular Rubber
- 8. Discuss the advantages and limitations of hand lasting over machine lasting.
- 9. What types of grinders would you generally use in the lasting department? Name and explain their usages.

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