

**DIPLOMA IN ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING
(DELVI)**

Term-End Examination

December, 2017

00239

BIEEE-006 : SWITCHGEAR AND PROTECTION

Time : 2 hours

Maximum Marks : 70

Note : Attempt any **five** questions. All questions carry equal marks. Use of scientific calculator is allowed.

1. Choose the best alternatives for the following questions : $7 \times 2 = 14$
- (a) Arcing on transmission lines is prevented by connecting a suitable
- (i) Circuit Breaker
 - (ii) Relay
 - (iii) Inductor in the neutral
 - (iv) Capacitor in the neutral
- (b) For high voltage and low current, the preferred breaker is
- (i) Air blast C.B.
 - (ii) Oil C.B.
 - (iii) Vacuum C.B.
 - (iv) Any one of the above

- (c) A Buchholz relay is used for
 - (i) Internal faults of transformer
 - (ii) External faults of transformer
 - (iii) Induction motors protection
 - (iv) Alternator protection

- (d) SF₆ gas has excellent heat transfer properties because of its
 - (i) Higher molecular weight
 - (ii) Low gaseous viscosity
 - (iii) Higher dielectric strength
 - (iv) Combination of (i) and (ii)

- (e) A MHO relay is a
 - (i) Voltage restrained directional relay
 - (ii) Voltage controlled over current relay
 - (iii) Directional restrained over current relay
 - (iv) Directional restrained over voltage relay

- (f) Capacitor switching is easily done with
 - (i) Air blast C.B.
 - (ii) Oil C.B.
 - (iii) Vacuum C.B.
 - (iv) Any one of the above

- (g) Auto-reclosing is used in case of
 - (i) Lighting arrester
 - (ii) Air C.B.
 - (iii) Bulk oil C.B.
 - (iv) Minimum oil C.B.

2. (a) What is the purpose of circuit breakers ?
Explain current chopping. 7
- (b) Describe the construction and principle of the operation of the SF₆ circuit breaker. 7
3. In a 132 kV, 3 ϕ , 50 Hz system the L-G capacitance is 0.02 μ F and inductance is 4.5 H. Determine 14
- (a) Voltage appearing across breaker pole when a current of 5 A is interrupted.
- (b) Resistance to be connected across the contacts to eliminate the restriking voltage.
4. Explain the following phenomenon in circuit breakers : $2 \times 7 = 14$
- (a) Arc formation and Extinction
- (b) Making capacity and Breaking capacity
5. (a) Compare Primary and Backup protection schemes with suitable examples. 7
- (b) What do you mean by "Time grading in the overcurrent protection system" ? 7
6. (a) Explain with a neat sketch, the construction and principle of operation of an Impedance Relay. 7
- (b) Describe the construction and working of Buchholz Relay. 7

7. Explain carrier current protection of transmission lines. What are the basic apparatus used for power line carrier systems ? 14
8. Write short notes on any *two* of the following : $2 \times 7 = 14$
- (a) Directional Earth Fault Relay
 - (b) C.T. and P.T. Connection
 - (c) Minimum Oil Circuit Breaker
 - (d) Circulating Current Protection Scheme for Bus-bars
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