No. of Printed Pages: 3

BCE-062

Maximum Marks: 70

DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING DCLE(G)

Term-End Examination

00682

Time: 2 hours

December, 2017

BCE-062 : CONSTRUCTION SUPERVISION AND BUILDING MAINTENANCE

Note	Question no. 1 is compulsory. Attempt any for out of the remaining questions.	ui
t n r b	ill in the blanks in the following parts by using ne terms taken from the given list: 7×2=1 ten, material, elevation, plan, sq m, kg/m, heart ot, knot, 150 mm, sq m, reduced level, enchmark, 115 mm, 230 mm The side view of an object is called while view from the top is In a standard brick the dimensions of stretcher side is and header side is	

	(c)	In survey, the point above or below the
		datum lines is known as while the
		fixed point of known reduced level is known
		as
	(d)	The unit measurement of formwork or
	••	shuttering is in and that of
		reinforcement is in
	(e)	Surface dressing of natural ground should
	, ,	not exceed depth and is measured
		in
	(f)	The two defects in timber are
		and
	(g)	The two major resources of construction are
	(b)	and
2.	(a)	Explain the difference between PCC and
		RCC and describe their use in construction.
	(b)	How would you check the quality of cement
	. ,	before using it at site for plastering? Discuss
		briefly. 7+7=14
3.		t out any four site documents which a site
	_	pervisor should maintain and monitor.
	Ex	plain their purposes, writing two sentences
	for	each document. $2\times7=14$

- 4. Differentiate between any **four** of the terms in the following parts: $4 \times 3 \frac{1}{2} = 14$
 - (a) A3 and A4 sheets
 - (b) Service drawing and GA drawing
 - (c) Bottle trap and Gully trap
 - (d) Potable water and Saline water
 - (e) 53 grade and 43 grade of cement
 - (f) Brick-work and Block work
 - (g) Formwork and Shuttering
- 5. Why is slump test conducted? Explain with the help of a neat diagram, the method to conduct this test.

 4+10=14
- **6.** (a) Explain any two types of commonly used flooring.
 - (b) Briefly discuss how quality and quantity of mixing water may affect quality of concrete.

7+7=14

- 7. Write short notes on the following: $4 \times 3\frac{1}{2} = 14$
 - (a) Method of Plastering above 12 mm thickness
 - (b) Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)
 - (c) Rules for Fitting Doors and Windows
 - (d) Manholes in Pipelines