00369

B.Tech. - VIEP - ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING (BTECVI)

Term-End Examination December, 2017

BIEL-010 : DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING

Time: 3 hours Maximum Marks: 70

Note: Attempt any seven questions. All questions carry equal marks. Use of scientific calculator is permitted. Missing data, if any, may be suitably assumed.

- 1. (a) Explain Discrete Fourier Series (DFS).

 What is the relationship between Discrete
 Fourier Transform (DFT) and DFS?

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(b) The five samples of a 9-point DFT are given as follows:

$$X(0) = 23$$
, $X(1) = 2 \cdot 242 - j$, $X(4) = -6 \cdot 379 + j4 \cdot 121$

$$X(6) = 6.5 + j259, X(7) = -4.153 + j0.264$$

Determine the remaining samples of the DFT if the corresponding time domain sequence is real.

Compute the circular convolution of the (a) 2. following sequences using IDFT and DFT: 6 $\mathbf{x}_{1}(\mathbf{n}) = \{1, 2, 3, 1\} \text{ and } \mathbf{x}_{2}(\mathbf{n}) = \{4, 3, 2, 2\}$ State and prove the following properties of (b) 4 DFT: (i) Circular time shift (ii) Periodicity property In terms of computational complexity, 3. (a) compare the direct computation of DFT and 6 FFT. Explain in detail, the Goertzel algorithm (b) 4 for Fast Fourier Transform. Determine the DFT of the following sequence 4. 10 using DIF-FFT algorithm: $\mathbf{x}(\mathbf{n}) = \{1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1\}$ Explain with the help of neat butterfly diagram, 5. Explain algorithm. how radix-2 DIT-FFT 10 calculations are reduced. Design a digital butterworth low pass filter that 6. satisfies the following condition: $0.89 \le |H(e^{j\omega})| \le 1$ $0 \le \omega \le 0.4\pi$ $|H(e^{j\omega})| \le 0.18$ $0.6\pi \le \omega \le \pi$

Use the impulse invariance method.

7. (a) Derive the transformation formula for the bilinear transformation method.

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(b) An analog filter has the following system function. Convert this filter into a digital filter using impulse invariant method.

$$H(s) = \frac{36}{(s+0\cdot 1)^2 + 36}$$

The digital filter must have a resonant frequency of $\omega_r = 0.2 \pi$.

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8. The desired frequency response of a low pass filter is given by

$$H_{f}(e^{j\omega}) = \begin{cases} e^{-j3\omega}, & -3\pi/4 \le \omega \le 3\pi/4 \\ 0, & 3\pi/4 < |\omega| \le \pi \end{cases}$$

Find $H(e^{j\omega})$ for M = 7 using rectangular window.

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9. (a) What is the condition for the impulse response of an FIR filter to satisfy for constant group and phase delay and for only constant group delay?

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(b) What are the different types of window functions? How are they defined?

10. (a) Obtain FIR linear-phase and cascade realization of the system function

$$H(z) = \left(1 + \frac{1}{2}z^{-1} + z^{-2}\right)\left(1 + \frac{1}{4}z^{-1} + z^{-2}\right).$$
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(b) Obtain the cascade and parallel form realization of the following IIR digital filter transfer function:

$$H(z) = \frac{3(2z^2 + 5z + 4)}{(2z + 1)(z + 2)}$$