## MASTER OF INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW (MIPL)

## **Term-End Examination**

December, 2016

MIR-030: INTRODUCTION TO LAW

Time: 2 hours

Maximum Marks: 50

Note: The paper is divided into two parts, Part - A and Part - B. Both the parts are compulsory.

## PART - A

Attempt all the questions from this part. Each question carries two marks. 2x10=20

- 1. The Indian Constitution guarantees various rights to minorities under:
  - (a) Articles 1, 23 and 26
  - (b) Articles 29 and 30
  - (c) Articles 14, 16 and 18
  - (d) Articles 13, 32 and 226
- **2.** Fundamental rights are enforced against :
  - (a) Individual
  - (b) Group
  - (c) State
  - (d) Judiciary

refers to the mental element of a 3. crime. (a) Actus Reus. (b) Fact in Issue (c) Joint Liability (d) Mens Rea Under Section 2(g) of the Civil Procedure Code, 4. 1908, judgment is defined as: A statement given by the judge on the (a) grounds of the decree or order. Statement of claim filed by the plaintiff (b) before the court. A formal expression of the court's view (c) which conclusively determines the rights of the parties. None of the above (d) 5. Which of these is not a form of tort? (a) Nuisance (b) Negligence Malicious prosecution (c) (d) Forgery 6. The Child Labour (Prohibition and Regulation) Act, came into force in India in: (a) 1985 (b) 1983 (c) 1989 (d) 2006

	is where the powers are shared
	reen the centre and the states.
(a)	Federalism
(b)	•
(c)	Republic
(d)	Unitary State
The Law of torts is concerned with wrongs.	
(a)	Criminal
(b)	Corporate
(c)	Revenue
(d)	Civil
Two persons are said to when they agree upon the same thing in the same sense.	
(a)	Be in agreement
(b)	Be coerced
(c)	Consent
(d)	Be partners
The Doctrine of Rule of Law is propounded by :	
(a)	Rasco Pound
(b)	Bentham
(c)	Dicey
(d)	Kelsen

## PART - B

Attempt any 3 questions from this part. Each question carries 10 marks. 10x3=30

- 1. Discuss the concept of Rule of Law as enshrined in the Constitution of India.
- 2. Distinguish the powers of the Supreme Court to issue Writs under Article 32 from that of the High Courts under Article 226 of the Constitution of India.
- 3. What do you understand by the term 'Limited Liability Partnership' as defined under the Limited Liability Partnership Act, 2008. Distinguish it from a Company.
- 4. Define 'Sale'. Distinguish it from mortgage.
- 5. Define 'democracy'. Distinguish between parliamentary form of government and presidential form of government.