## M.Sc. (RETAIL AND FASHION MERCHANDISE)

## Term-End Examination December, 2016

00873

## MFR-004: ELEMENTS OF ECONOMICS, ACCOUNTS AND FINANCE

Time: 3 hours M

Maximum Marks: 70

Note: Attempt any seven questions. All the questions carry equal marks.

- Explain the fundamental rules of Accounts and classify the following into Real; Personal; and Nominal A/cs.
  - (a) Building
  - (b) Ram's capital A/c
  - (c) Rent
  - (d) Goodwill
  - (e) Salary
  - (f) Loan of Mr. Amit
  - (g) Machinery
  - (h) Outstanding wages
  - (i) Drawing
  - (j) Bank

- 2. (a) What is Rectification of Errors? How many types of errors are there? Explain all with practical examples.
  - (b) Differentiate between Trial Balance and Balance sheet.

10

10

- 3. Pass necessary Journal Entries in the Book's of Ravi for the month of April, 2014 and prepare Ledger Account for cash A/c, sales A/c and capital A/c.
  - April 1 Ravi started business with ₹ 4,50,000 of which 1,00,000 were borrowed at 15% P.A. from Bank.
  - April 2 Purchased Goods of ₹ 40,000 from Anant at 2% trade discount.
  - April 3 Cash sale's to Madan ₹ 10,200.
  - April 6 Credit sale's to Prakash ₹ 20,000 less trade discount 2%.
  - April 9 Paid cash ₹ 19,500 to Anant.
  - April 12 Received ₹ 19,500 from Prakash in full settlement of his due.
  - April 14 Returned goods of ₹ 1,000 to Anant.
  - April 16 Paid into Bank ₹ 50,000.
  - April 22 Sold goods costing ₹ 10,000 at 25% profit to Ratan.
  - April 24 Ratan Returned goods worth ₹ 1,000.
  - April 25 Paid interest on loan of ₹ 500.
  - April 30 Paid salaries of ₹ 20,000 out of which ₹ 12,000 paid by cheque.
  - April 30 Received commission of ₹ 8,000.

**4.** Calculate value of opening stock from the 10 following:

Cash sales - ₹ 40,000

Sales Return (out of cr. sale) - ₹ 5,000

Purchase Return - ₹ 4,000

Closing stock - ₹ 36,000

Credit sale - ₹ 1,65,000

Purchase - ₹ 1,24,000

Carriage inward - ₹ 8,000

Rate of gross profit - 40% on sales

- (a) Cost of Goods sold ₹ 1,00,000, Stock
   Turnover Ratio 4 times; closing stock was
   ₹ 10,000 in excess of opening stock.
   Calculate opening and closing stock.
  - (b) Calculate:
    - (i) Current Ratio
    - (ii) Quick Ratio
    - (iii) Operating Ratio
    - (iv) Gross Profit Ratio

From the following information:

Current Assets ₹ 70,000; creditors ₹ 5,000; other current liabilities ₹ 30,000; stock ₹ 30,000; sales ₹ 1,20,000, operating expenses ₹ 40,000; cost of Goods Sold ₹ 60,000; carriage inward ₹ 1,000.

3

**6.** Rectify the following error :

- 10
- (a) A credit sale to S of ₹ 250 recorded twice in his A/c.
- (b) Purchase book was found overcast by ₹ 1,000.
- (c) ₹ 500 paid to wages but not debited to wages A/c.
- (d) Goods of ₹ 3,000 paid to charity but not recorded anywhere.
- (e) ₹ 3,740 paid to Repairs to motor car were debited to motor car A/c.
- (f) B/R of ₹ 350 was posted as ₹ 503 on credit of Acceptor A/c.
- (g) Cash Received from Ram of ₹ 1,000 but posted in his A/c as ₹ 100.
- (h) Sales Return was undercast by ₹ 300.
- (i) Charged Depreciation on machine ₹ 400 but not Recorded in machine A/c.
- (j) Salary paid ₹ 5,000 but not recorded in salary A/c.
- **7.** Show the Accounting Equation on the basis of following:
  - (a) Y started business with cash ₹ 90,000.
  - (b) Purchased goods on credit for ₹ 10,000.
  - (c) Purchased furniture for cash ₹ 5,000.
  - (d) Sold goods costing ₹ 20,000 for ₹ 40,000.
  - (e) Drawn for personal use ₹ 10,000.
  - (f) Paid for creditor's ₹ 3,000.
  - (g) Paid Rent ₹ 300.
  - (h) Outstanding wages of ₹ 1,000.
  - (i) Commission Received of ₹ 500.

- **8.** Write short notes on **any two** of the following:
  - (a) Money measurement concept.
  - (b) Difference between cash discount and trade discount.

10

- (c) Difference between single entry and double entry system.
- (d) Difference between Gross Profit Ratio and Net Profit Ratio with formula.