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**BIMEE-032** 

## DIPLOMA – VIEP – MECHANICAL ENGINEERING (DMEVI)

## **Term-End Examination**

00183

December, 2016

## **BIMEE-032 : REFRIGERATION SYSTEMS**

Time : 2 hours

Maximum Marks: 70

Note: Answer five questions in all. Question no. 1 is compulsory. All questions carry equal marks. Use of scientific calculator is permitted.

- 1. Choose the correct answer from the given four alternatives :  $7 \times 2=14$ 
  - (a) In a mechanical refrigeration system, the highest temperature of refrigerant occurs
    - (i) Between condenser and evaporator
    - (ii) In evaporator
    - (iii) Between compressor and condenser
    - (iv) Before expansion valve
  - (b) Defrosting of evaporators is done because
    - (i) Frosting is undesirable
    - (ii) Frosting increases refrigerant effect
    - (iii) Frosting retards heat flow
    - (iv) Frosting obstructs flow of refrigerant

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- (c) In a refrigeration cycle, the heat is rejected by the refrigerant at
  - (i) Evaporator
  - (ii) Condenser
  - (iii) Expansion valve
  - (iv) Compressor
- (d) The most common type of vapour absorption system in use for industrial application is
  - (i) Freon 12 and water
  - (ii) Freon 22 and water
  - (iii) Ammonia and water
  - (iv) Hydrogen and water
- (e) If the compressor of a refrigeration system is noisy, it shows that
  - (i) Compressor drive coupling is loose
  - (ii) There is lack of oil
  - (iii) Internal parts of the compressor are broken
  - (iv) Any of the above
- (f) The heat removal capacity of a one-ton refrigerator is
  - (i) 400 kJ/min
  - (ii) 100 kJ/min
  - (iii) 50 kcal/min
  - (iv) 50 kJ/min

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- (g) In a refrigerator, the evaporator is located
  - (i) On the bottom of the refrigerator
  - (ii) Behind the refrigerator cabinet
  - (iii) Adjacent to the compressor
  - (iv) Inside the refrigerator cabinet
- 2. (a) Define the COP of a refrigerator. Show that the COP of a heat pump is greater than the COP of a refrigerator by unity.
  - (b) A refrigeration cycle absorbs heat at  $-3^{\circ}$ C and rejects it at 27°C. Calculate its COP.  $2\times7=14$
- **3.** (a) What is refrigeration ? How is (i) ice, and (ii) dry ice used for the purpose of refrigeration ?
  - (b) Calculate how many kJ/min will the heat pump deliver at 27°C, if it absorbs 1130 kJ/min at -3°C. The COP of the heat pump is 10.  $2\times7=14$
- 4. (a) What do you understand by dry and wet compression? Which is preferred and why?
  - (b) In a cold storage plant, fish is supplied at a temperature of 30°C. The fish is stored in cold storage which is maintained at 8°C. The freezing point of fish is 4°C.

If  $(COP)_{actual} = 0.3$  of  $(COP)_{theoretical}$ , determine the actual COP of the refrigeration plant.  $2 \times 7 = 14$ 

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- 5. (a) What is a multistage vapour compression plant? When is it used?
  - (b) In an absorption refrigeration system, the saturation temperature of steam at a pressure of 2 bar is  $119.62^{\circ}$ C. The temperature in the refrigerator is to be maintained at  $-5^{\circ}$ C. The atmospheric temperature is 30°C. Find the maximum COP of the vapour absorption refrigeration system.  $2 \times 7 = 14$
- 6. (a) What are the most widely used refrigerants?
  - (b) A refrigerating machine working on reversed Carnot cycle takes out 2 kW of heat from the system while working between temperature limits of 300 K and 200 K. Calculate the COP and power consumed by the cycle. 2×7=14
- 7. (a) What is a vapour absorption refrigeration cycle ? How does it differ from the vapour compression cycle ?
  - (b) COP<sub>ref</sub> of a reversed Carnot cycle is 5.
    What is the ratio of the highest absolute temperature to the lowest absolute temperature?

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