## B.Tech. – VIEP – ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING (BTECVI)

## Term-End Examination December, 2016

**BIELE-004: RF CIRCUITS** 

00273

Time: 3 hours Maximum Marks: 70

Note: Attempt any seven questions. All questions carry equal marks. Missing data may be suitably assumed.

- 1. (a) Explain the characteristics of passive IC components at RF frequencies.
  - (b) What is the use of transmission lines in RF frequencies?  $2\times5=10$
- 2. Derive the expression for input impedance of a transmission line. Also derive the expression for short and open circuit transmission line parameters.

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- 3. (a) Derive an expression for the Noise Figure using a two-port network.
  - (b) Briefly explain the noise models that exist for active and passive components at RF frequencies.  $2\times5=10$

- 4. Give the electrical equivalent circuit representation of the following and explain the significance of the terms appearing in the equivalent circuit:  $2\times 5=10$ 
  - (a) High frequency capacitor
  - (b) High frequency wire wound resistor
- 5. (a) What are the various topologies of Low Noise Amplifier? Explain each of them briefly.
  - (b) Explain the linearity and large signal performance of LNA.  $2\times 5=10$
- 6. (a) Prove that the general expression for the amplifier efficiency  $(\eta)$  in terms of conduction angle  $(\theta_0)$  is

$$\eta = \frac{\theta_0 - \sin \theta_0}{2 \left[\theta_0 \, \cos\!\left(\frac{\theta_0}{2}\right) - 2 \sin\left(\frac{\theta_0}{2}\right)\right]}.$$

- (b) What are the design parameters for high frequency amplifier design? Explain in brief.  $2\times 5=10$
- 7. (a) What is a negative resistance oscillator?Describe its working principle.5
  - (b) Differentiate between an oscillator and a synthesizer.

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(c) What is the condition of oscillation of a circuit?

- (a) What is the use of mixer? Design a 8. multiplier-based mixer circuit and explain its working principle. (b) What is the difference between sub-sampling mixers and diode-ring mixers?  $2 \times 5 = 10$ **9.** (a) Define RF power amplifiers and explain the operation of any one power amplifier with required expressions. 5 (b) Explain the linearity considerations of 3 RF power amplifiers. (c) Briefly explain the two-port stability 2 criterion. 10. Write short notes on any two of the following:  $2 \times 5 = 10$ Resonators (a) **(b)** Neutralization and Unilateralization
  - (c) S-parameters
  - (d) f<sub>T</sub> Doubler