# DIPLOMA - VIEP - ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING (DECVI) 

Term-End Examination
December, 2016

## BIEL-036 : MICROPROCESSOR

Time : 2 hours
Maximum Marks : 70

Note : Attempt any five questions. Question no. 1 is compulsory. Use of scientific calculator is permitted.

1. (a) What is the difference between vectored and non-vectored interrupts in 8085 ?
(b) Why is the instruction queue in 8086 microprocessor 6 bytes long?
(c) An 8085 microprocessor based system uses a $2 \mathrm{~K} \times 8$-bit RAM whose starting address is AA00. The address of the last byte in this RAM is $\qquad$ ,
(d) The contents of accumulator after the execution of the following set of instructions will be $\qquad$ .

MVI A, 40 H
ADI 02H
XRA A
POP H
(e) What is the function of stack pointer?
(f) Assume that the carry flag is initially unset. The content of the accumulator after the execution of the following program is
$\qquad$ .

> MVI A, 07H

RLC
MOV B, A

## RLC

RLC
ADD B
RRC
(g) What are the various DMA data transfer schemes? $7 \times 2=14$
2. Draw the pin diagram of 8085 microprocessor
and explain the use of the signal associated with
each pin.
3. Draw the timing diagram for the execution of the instruction STA 2600H. Opcode for STA instruction is 32 H . Content of A register is 05 H and this instruction is stored in the memory location 2000 H .
4. (a) Explain the use of RIM and SIM instructions with their format.
(b) Draw the timing diagram of JMP and CALL instructions and explain the difference between the two, 7
5. Interface two numbers of 8 kb EPROM and one number of 8 kb RAM with 8085 processor. Explain the interface diagram and allocate binary addresses to these memory ICs.
6. Draw the complete interfacing diagram of IC 0808 DAC using 8255 and describe its operation.
7. Draw the pin diagram of 8086 microprocessor and explain the names of signals associated with maximum mode operation of 8086 microprocessor. 14

