

**BACHELOR OF COMPUTER APPLICATIONS
(BCA) (Pre-Revised)**

Term-End Examination

December, 2016

CS-69 : TCP/IP PROGRAMMING

Time : 2 hours

Maximum Marks : 60

Note : *Question number 1 is compulsory. Answer any three questions from the rest.*

1. (a) Assume an IP address 220.34.38.0. Find the class, the block and the range of addresses. 3

- (b) Given the IP address and the mask of a class as :
IP address : 135.134.112.66
Mask : 255.255.244.0
What is the subnet address ? 4

- (c) How does TCP manage lost acknowledgements and duplicate segments ? 4

- (d) What are the drawbacks of distance vector routing protocol ? 3

- (e) Differentiate between TCP/IP model and OSI reference model. 5

- (f) Write a client-server algorithm to establish a TCP-connection between a client and a server. Once a connection is established, the client program sends a string to the server. The server checks whether the string is a palindrome or not and sends the reply to the client as Yes or No. Also explain the logic of the program. 7
- (g) What is the need of RARP ? How does it work ? 4
2. (a) Describe the architecture of the Internet. 3
- (b) Explain the meaning of the following fields in an IP datagram, with examples : 4
- (i) Time to Live (TTL)
- (ii) Fragment Offsets
- (c) What is a socket ? Write the difference between an active and a passive socket. 3
3. (a) Differentiate between classful and classless addressing with the help of examples. 5
- (b) Differentiate between stateful and stateless programs. 3
- (c) What is the purpose of the following system calls ? 2
- (i) bind()
- (ii) accept()

4. (a) Illustrate the process of connection establishment in TCP. 4
- (b) Explain the purpose of the following TCP header fields : 3
- (i) Window
- (ii) Urgent pointer
- (c) What is the need of a POP server in the transfer of an e-mail ? 3
5. (a) How does a DNS server work ? 5
- (b) Specify all elements of a URL with the help of an example. 2
- (c) How does FTP differ from other application layer protocols ? 3
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