Master of Science in Counselling and Family Therapy / Post Graduate Diploma in Counselling and Family Therapy

Term-End Examination

December, 2015

MCFT-003 : Counselling and Family Therapy : Basic Concepts and Theoretical Perspectives

Time: 3 hours Maximum Marks: 100

Note: Answer five questions in all. Question No. 1 is compulsory.

- Explain any four of the following in about
 words each:
 - (a) Genogram
 - (b) Key principles of counselling
 - (c) Unconditional positive regard
 - (d) Congruence
 - (e) 'Family' in family therapy
 - (f) Confidentiality issues with couples
 - (g) Crisis as both danger and opportunity
- 2. Explain, giving examples, the following terms:

 (a) Neutrality 4x5=20
 - (a) Neutrality
 - (b) Hypothesization(c) Circularity
 - (d) Paradoxical interventions
- 3. (a) What are the assumptions of cognitive 10 behavioural family therapy approaches?
 - (b) Describe the key concepts of cognitive behavioural family therapy.

- 4. Differentiate between 'skills' and 'social skills'.

 Discuss the application of social skills therapy for individuals with schizophrenia.
- 5. What is psycho education? What is the most important goal of psycho education? Briefly outline, giving an example, what one needs to discuss in a typical psycho educational programme?
- 6. (a) Describe the basic counselling skills 10 necessary for effective counselling.
 - (b) What are the indications and contraindications for family therapy? 5+5=10
- 7. Explain intergenerational family theory. How is it different from other family theories?
- 8. (a) What are defence mechanisms? 5
 (b) Describe any three important defence
 - (b) Describe any three important defence mechanisms and their significance in psychodynamic psychotherapy. Give suitable examples to support your answer.

 5+5+5=15
- **9.** Write short notes on **any two** of the following:
 - (a) Core conditions for growth according to Rogers. 10+10=20
 - (b) Indian psychotherapy and counselling.
 - (c) Importance of career counselling in today's context.