POST GRADUATE DIPLOMA IN PHARMACEUTICAL SALES MANAGEMENT (PGDPSM)

Term-End Examination

December, 2015

MVE-001 : INTRODUCTION TO ANATOMY, PHYSIOLOGY AND PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMISTRY

Tim	ie : 3 h	nours Maximum Marks	Maximum Marks: 75	
Note: Attempt any five questions. All questions carrequal marks.				
1.	(a)	List the principles of GLP.	5	
	(b)	What are the main objectives of Indian Pharmacopoeia commission?	5	
	(c)	Define immunity. Briefly describe the types of acquired immunity.	5	
2.	(a)	Define joints. Describe the different types of synovial joints.	5	
	(b)	Briefly describe any five water borne diseases.	5	
	(c)	Discuss the Bronsted - Lowry concept of defining acids and bases.	5	

3.	(a)	Define the term 'drugs'. Discuss the significance of drugs obtained from natural products.	5
	(b)	List any four physiological ions. What is the role of physiological ions in the body?	5
	(c)	What is stereoisomerism? How was it related to the "Thalidomide Tragedy"?	5
4.	(a)	Define GCP. What is Helsinki Declaration?	5
	(b)	How is haemolytic anaemia different from iron deficiency anaemia? Explain with the help of a suitable example.	5
	(c)	Discuss the microscopic technique involved in evaluation of crude drugs.	5
5.	(a)	Describe in brief about sexually transmitted infections.	5
	(b)	What is the role of CRO? Specify the purposes of trial monitoring.	5
	(c)	Where is the thyroid gland located in the human body? List the hormones secreted by this gland and describe briefly any two disorders associated with its malfunctioning.	5
6.	(a)	Describe various methods used for extraction of crude drugs.	5
	(b)	What is adverse drug reaction? Explain with the help of a suitable example.	5

	(c)	Fill in the blanks: 5
		(i) Father of medicine is
		(ii) Essential oils are extracted from
		(iii) In thin layer chromatography, the stationary phase is generally supported over glass or aluminium plates.
		(iv) Carbohydrates consist of carbon, hydrogen and oxygen in which the ratio of hydrogen to the oxygen is
		(v) The visible range in the electromagnetic spectrum lies between nm and nm.
7.	(a)	What is meant by SAR? Discuss the main aims of SAR.
	(b)	Differentiate between Myopia and 5 Hypermetropia.
	(c)	Discuss various types of chronic 5 inflammation.
8.	Wri	te short notes on any three : 5x3=15
	(a)	Herbal cosmetics
	(b)	Antacids
	(c)	Drug - nutrient interaction
	(d)	Scope of pharmacognosy
	(e)	Neoplasms