POST GRADUATE CERTIFICATE IN CYBERLAW (PGCCL)

Term-End Examination

December, 2015

MIR-013: COMMERCE AND CYBERSPACE

Time: 3 hours Maximum Marks: 100

Note:

- (i) Answer all questions from Part A. Each question carries 2 marks.
- (ii) Answer any five questions from Part B. Each question carries 10 marks.
- (iii) Answer any two questions from Part C. Each question carries 15 marks.

PART - A

1. Explain the following in brief:

10x2=20

- (a) Concept of truncated cheque.
- (b) Structured Financial Messaging System (SFMS)
- (c) Different forms of Linking
- (d) EDI contracts
- (e) Digital Rights Management
- (f) Cloaking
- (g) Cyber squatting
- (h) Passive Website
- (i) Automated contracts
- (i) E-mail box rule

PART-B

- 2. Answer any five questions from this part. Each question carries 10 marks. 5x10=50
 - (a) Discuss the legal remedies available to e-consumers in India.
 - (b) How is P2P technology a threat to copyright industry? Explain.
 - (c) Explain the various approaches for determining the liability of Internet Service Providers (ISPs).
 - (d) Distinguish between broadcasting and webcasting with illustration.
 - (e) Explain the working of Electronic Fund Transfer.
 - (f) Explain the concept caveat emptor.
 - (g) What do you mean by trade-mark? What are the essential function of a trade-mark? Discuss briefly the rights of trade-mark owner.
 - (h) Discuss the concept of 'framing' and explain its legality under the Indian Law.

PART-C

- Answer any two questions from the following.Each question carries 15 marks.2x15=30
 - (a) What is online advertising? State the different forms of online advertising and the tax issues arising from online advertising.
 - (b) "Abuse of searching process or various forms of spamdexing have been countered by the owners of trade-marks by using the trade-mark doctrine of "Initial Interest Confusion." Discuss with the help of Case Laws.

- (c) Explain the concept of 'Inlining' and give Indian legal perspectives in this area.
- (d) Explain the 'economic rights' and 'moral rights' of the author under the Indian copyrights Act, 1957.