00201

MASTER OF INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW (MIPL)

Term-End Examination

December, 2015

MIR-038 : COMMERCIALIZATION OF IP AND LICENSING

Time: 2 hours Maximum Marks: 50

Note: This paper consists of two parts: Part - A and Part - B. Both the parts are compulsory.

PART - A

Attempt all the questions from this part. Each question carries 2 marks: 2x10=20

- 1. Patent is granted for a limited period which is generally for a period of ______.
 - (a) Inventor's life plus 20 years
 - (b) 20 years from the date of filing patent application
 - (c) Inventor's life plus 25 years
 - (d) 25 years from the date of filing patent application
- **2.** The Strategic Market Planning includes which of the following :
 - (a) Pricing and Clinical Trial Information
 - (b) Management and Distribution
 - (c) Pricing and Distribution
 - (d) All of the above

3.	Which of the following is INCORRECT as to the exclusive rights of authorisation that are required to be recognised for works under the Berne Convention? (a) Right to broadcast the work	
	(b)	_
	(c)	-
	(d)	•
4.	An agreement between two companies granting each other the right to practice the other's Intellectual Property is called	
	(a)	Exclusive licence
	(b)	Non exclusive licence
	(c)	Cross - licence
	(d)	Equitable assignment
5.	helps in identifying the core	
	competencies of the business and is a direct function of market intelligence.	
	(a)	Market analysis
	(b)	Research and development
	(c)	Licensing of an IPR
	(d)	Acquisition of an IPR
6.		is a process of discovering meaningful
	new correlations, patterns and trends of	
	technological developments through the filing of	
	patent applications in various jurisdictions.	
	(a)	<u> </u>
		Patent mining
		Patent mapping
	(d)	Patent pooling

Which of the following statement is INCORRECT 7. in relation to the information required to conduct an Intellectual Property Audit of a company? Knowledge of internal and external (a) interactions of the company. Information about the Intellectual Property (b) assets of the company. Information about the Intellectual Property (c) assets of the parent company of the company in question. (d) Status of the Intellectual Property of the company. Event - driven Intellectual Property Audit is also 8. known as _____, when conducted on behalf of a third party to assess the value of Intellectual assets owned by the company and the potential risks associated with it. Third party Intellectual Property Audit (a) Intellectual Property due diligence (b) (c) Risk Intellectual Property Audit (d) Financial Intellectual Property Audit is a means of capitalising the value 9. of Intellectual Property, relating to intangible assets, and leads to a reduction in tax liability. (a) Amortisation (b) Depreciation

Characterising as capital expenditure

Characterising as operating expenditure

(c) (d)

- **10.** Which one of the valuation methodology is often used in relation to start-up companies, technology ventures, and other risky assets?
 - (a) Brand strength approach
 - (b) Cost based approach
 - (c) Real options valuation approach
 - (d) Comparable market transactions approach

PART - B

Attempt any three questions from this part. Each question carries 10 marks : 3x10=30

- 11. What is the significance of Intellectual Property valuation? Explain in brief how valuation is exercised as a business tool.
- **12.** Explain Intellectual Property Audit. Discuss different types of Intellectual Property Audits.
- **13.** Briefly describe the steps involved in a Freedom To Operate search and analysis for a company planning to enter into a new market with a new product.
- **14.** Write short notes on the following:
 - (a) Celebrity Branding
 - (b) Surrogate Advertising
- **15.** Evaluate the role of pricing strategy in intellectual property commercialization.