

BACHELOR OF ARCHITECTURE (B.Arch.)

Term-End Examination

December, 2015

00021

**BARE-073 : EARTHQUAKE RESISTANT
STRUCTURES (ELECTIVE 1)**

Time : 3 hours

Maximum Marks : 70

*Note : Question no. 1 is **compulsory**. Attempt any **four** more questions from the remaining questions.*

1. Write *true* or *false* for the following statements : *14×1=14*

- (a) The outermost layer of the Earth is called mantle.
- (b) The size of an earthquake depends on the amount of energy released.
- (c) Liquefaction occurs only in unsaturated clays.
- (d) S-waves can transmit through liquids.
- (e) Delhi and the NCR lie in Zone V.
- (f) The Himalayas were formed due to the collision of Indo-Australian plate with the Eurasian plate.

- (g) The point inside the Earth at which rupture begins and the first seismic wave originates is called focus.
- (h) Both MMI and MSK are 12-point scales for the measurement of earthquake intensity.
- (i) Friction damper is a passive control device.
- (j) Earthquake magnitude is a qualitative measure of the size of an earthquake.
- (k) A Tsunami is caused by an earthquake.
- (l) The response spectrum describes the maximum response of a multi-degree-of-freedom (MDOF) system to a particular input motion as a function of the natural frequency and damping ratio of the system.
- (m) A one-storey structure may be considered as a single-degree-of-freedom (SDOF) system.
- (n) For a two-storey frame, the mass matrix is written as
$$\begin{bmatrix} m_1 & m_2 \\ m_2 & m_1 \end{bmatrix}$$
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2. Discuss the seismic wave propagation through the interior of the Earth to reach a building, explaining the types of seismic waves and their behaviour.

3. (a) Describe the working of a seismograph with the help of a neat sketch. 8
- (b) Enlist various hazards associated with an earthquake. Discuss the effects of any one of them in brief. 6
4. What is a shear wall ? How does it help in making the structures earthquake resistant ? Discuss its important features. With the help of a neat sketch, show the detailing of reinforcement in a reinforced concrete shear wall. 14
5. Differentiate between the following : $4 \times 3 \frac{1}{2} = 14$
- (a) Divergent boundaries and Convergent boundaries
- (b) Active control and Passive control
- (c) Engineered and Non-engineered structures
- (d) Surface waves and Body waves
6. What is base isolation ? How does this technique help in making the structures earthquake resistant ? With the help of a neat sketch, discuss the features of a base isolator. 14

7. Write short notes on any *four* of the following :

$$4 \times 3 \frac{1}{2} = 14$$

- (a) Bands in Masonry Buildings
 - (b) Factors Affecting Ductility of Structures
 - (c) Retrofitting
 - (d) Response Spectrum Analysis
 - (e) Internal Structure of the Earth
 - (f) Bhuj Earthquake
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