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B.Tech. Civil (Construction Management) / B.Tech. Civil (Water Resources Engineering) / B.Tech. (Aerospace Engineering) Term-End Examination

December, 2015

D0591

ET-102 : MATHEMATICS - III

Time : 3 hours

Maximum Marks: 70

Note: Question no. 1 is compulsory. Attempt any other eight questions from Q. no. 2 to Q. no. 15. Use of calculator is allowed.

1. Fill in the blanks. All questions are compulsory.

 $7 \times 2 = 14$

(a) The series $\sum \frac{1}{n}$ is _____.

(b) By D'Alembert's test, if Σu_n is a positive term series such that $\lim_{n\to\infty} \frac{u_{n+1}}{u_n} = l$, then the series converges if l

- (c) For Fourier series, if f(x) is an even function on $(-\pi, \pi)$, then $b_n =$ _____.
- (d) The first order differential equation M dx + N dy = 0 is an exact differential equation, if there exists a function f(x, y)such that _____

- (e) The solution of the differential equation $(D + 2)^3 y = 0$, where $D \rightarrow \frac{d}{dx}$, is ______. (f) The Laplace Transform of $\{e^{3t} \cdot \cos 4t\}$ is _______. (g) The function $\frac{z^2 + 1}{(z-1)^2(z^2 + 4)}$ has three isolated singular points at z =______. (a) Discuss the convergence or divergence for the following series : $3\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1.3}{2.5} + \frac{1.3.5}{2.5.8} + \frac{1.3.5.7}{2.5.8.11} + \dots$.
 - (b) Test the convergence of the series $\sum \left\{ \frac{(n^3 + 1)^{\frac{1}{3}} - n}{\log n} \right\}.$ $3\frac{1}{2}$

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3. Find the Fourier series for $f(x) = x \sin x$ in the interval $(-\pi, \pi)$.

4. Find the Fourier sine and Fourier cosine series of

 $f(x) = \begin{cases} x, & \text{when } 0 < x < \pi/2 \\ 0, & \text{when } \pi/2 < x < \pi . \end{cases}$

5. (a) Determine the analytic function f(z) = u(x, y) + i v(x, y),if $u = x^3 - 3xy^2 + 3x^2 - 3y^2 + 2x + 1.$ (b) Find the Laurent's expansion of the function $f(z) = \frac{7z-2}{(z+1)z(z-2)}$ in the annulus 1 < |z+1| < 3.3

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6. Prove that

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(x^2 + a^2)(x^2 + b^2)} dx = \frac{\pi}{a + b},$$

where a, b > 0.

7. (a) Find the bilinear mapping that maps the points $z_1 = \infty$, $z_2 = i$ and $z_3 = 0$ into the points $w_1 = 0$, $w_2 = i$ and $w_3 = \infty$.

(b) Evaluate
$$\int_{0}^{2\pi} \frac{d\theta}{1 - 2a\cos\theta + a^2}$$
, $a^2 < 1$. 4

8. Use the method of variation of parameter to solve the differential equation

$$(D^2 + 1)$$
 y = tan x, 0 < x < $\pi/2$, where $D \rightarrow \frac{d}{dx}$.

9. Find the series solution of

$$2x^{2}y'' - xy' + (1 + x)y = 0.$$

10. Solve the P.D.E.

 $(D_x^2 - D_y^2 + D_x + 3D_y - 2) z = e^{x-y} - x^2y,$ where $D_x = \frac{\partial}{\partial x}$ and $D_y = \frac{\partial}{\partial y}$.

- 11. Find the deflection u(x, t) of the vibrating string of length π , ends fixed and $c^2 = 1$ assuming zero initial velocity and K sin 2x as the initial deflection.
- 12. Find the inverse Laplace Transform

$$L^{-1}\left\{\frac{(3S-2)}{S^3(S^2+4)}\right\}.$$

13. Using Laplace Transform, solve the differential equation

$$y'' + 7y' + 10y = 4e^{-3t}, y(0) = 0, y'(0) = -1.$$
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14. Find the characteristic function, transfer function, frequency response function and characteristic roots of the equation

 $(D + 4D^{-1}) x = f.$

15. A series circuit, in which both the charge and the current are initially zero, contains the elements L = 1 H, $R = 1000 \Omega$, $C = 6.28 \times 10^{-6} F$. If the steady state current is produced in the circuit by an impressed alternating voltage E = 100 (cos 100 t), find by what fraction of a cycle does it lag or lead the voltage that produces it.

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