

MCA (Revised)

05254 Term-End Examination

December, 2015

MCS-053 : COMPUTER GRAPHICS AND
MULTIMEDIA

Time : 3 hours

Maximum Marks : 100

Note : Question number 1 is compulsory. Attempt any three questions from the rest.

1. (a) What is staircase effect ? Do you agree with the statement "Staircase effect facilitates smooth line generation" ? Justify your answer with suitable arguments. 5
- (b) Compare and contrast the 2D Euclidean coordinate system with the 2D Homogeneous coordinate system with the help of an example. 5
- (c) Determine the perspective projection of point $P(x, y, z)$ on $z = 0$ plane, where the centre of projection is at $E(0, 0, -10)$. 5
- (d) How does frame buffer differ from the display buffer ? How does frame buffer overcome the limitation of display buffer ? 5

- (e) Prove the following properties of a Bezier curve :
- (i) $P(u = 0) = p_0$
 - (ii) $P(u = 1) = p_n$
- where u is the parameter and p_0 and p_n are the zeroth and n^{th} control points, respectively. 5
- (f) How does frame spacing influence the simulation of acceleration in an animation ? Justify your answer with suitable illustrations. 5
- (g) Differentiate between window and viewport region ? Explain how window to viewport mapping is performed. 5
- (h) What is Aliasing ? Explain how Antialiasing overcomes the problem of Aliasing. 5
2. (a) Write the pseudocode for Bresenham circle generation algorithm, and use it to produce an arc of radius $r = 4$ units, in the first quadrant from $x = 0$ to $x = y$. 10
- (b) Differentiate between scan line polygon fill algorithm and flood fill algorithm. 5
- (c) Differentiate between Parallel projection and Perspective projection. 5

3. (a) Determine the final coordinates of the perspective projection of an object, when the object is first rotated w.r.t. y-axis by 30° in clockwise direction and then w.r.t. x-axis by 45° in clockwise direction and finally it is projected on to $z = 0$ plane with the centre of projection at $(0, 0, -5)$. 10
- (b) Show that 2D rotational transformations are commutative in nature i.e. $R_1 \cdot R_2 = R_2 \cdot R_1$. 5
- (c) Explain all the four cases of Sutherland-Hodgman polygon clipping algorithm, with suitable examples. 5
4. (a) Formulate the mathematical function, to regulate the frame spacing, for simulating
- (i) Zero acceleration motion,
 - (ii) Negative acceleration motion. 10
- (b) Explain any *two* of the following : 5
- (i) Cel Animation
 - (ii) Frame Animation
 - (iii) Sprite Animation
- (c) Briefly discuss the different polygon representation methods. 5

5. (a) Expand the following abbreviations of file formats : 5
- (i) GIF
 - (ii) JPEG
 - (iii) MPEG
 - (iv) TIFF
 - (v) BMP
- (b) Explain any *two* of the following : 5
- (i) Compression in digital video
 - (ii) Authoring tools
 - (iii) Morphing
- (c) Write the pseudocode for Z-buffer algorithm for visible surface detection. What is the maximum number of objects that can be handled by Z-buffer algorithm ? Give two advantages and two disadvantages of Z-buffer algorithm. 10
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