## POST GRADUATION DIPLOMA IN FOOD SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY (PGDFT)

## **Term-End Examination**

December, 2015

MFT-009 : FRUIT AND VEGETABLE TECHNOLOGY

Time	: 3 h	ours Maximum Marks : 70
Note		nswer <b>any five</b> questions. <b>All</b> questions carry <b>equal</b> arks.
1.	Fill i	n the blanks in the following: 7x2=14
	(a)	The fruits which continue to ripe even after harvest are termed as fruits while others are fruits.
	(b)	Grapes are rich in acid while citrus fruits in acid.
	(c)	The term "Appertizing" is used for of fruits, while "case hardening" is related to of fruits.
	(d)	pH value for formation of jelly is and sugar concentration
	(e)	For low sugar content, potatoes should be stored at °C, while for long term storage at °C.
	(f)	Colour of jamun is due to pigments, while in tomato it is
	(g)	Aril browning is physiological disorder of

- 2. Write true or false for the following: 14x1=14
  - (a) Pasteurization of juices is done at 90°C for 30 min.
  - (b) The normal atmospheric carbon dioxide concentration is 0.03%.
  - (c) Breaker stage is the maturity stage of tomato.
  - (d) Mostly vegetables are alkaline in nature.
  - (e) Refractometer is used for measurement of salt concentration in pickles.
  - (f) The extent of post harvest losses is same for all the fruit crops.
  - (g) Acidity of jelly is around 1%.
  - (h) Removal of field heat is called fre-cooling.
  - (i) All fruits and vegetables can be hydrocooled.
  - (j) Condensation is involved in sun drying of vegetables.
  - (k) Minimally processed fruits should be stored at room temperature.
  - (l) Onions and apples can be stored in same cold storage.
  - (m) High value fruits and vegetables are subjected to freez drying.
  - (n) Ethylene is a ripening hormon.
- 3. Define/describe briefly the following: 7x2=14
  - (a) Intermediate moisture food
  - (b) Minimal processing
  - (c) Pre-cooling
  - (d) Marmalade
  - (e) Brine solution
  - (f) Individual quick freezing (IQF)
  - (g) Blanching

- 4. Differentiate between the following: 4x3.5=14
  - (a) Grading and sorting
  - (b) Pasteurization and sterilization
  - (c) Cooking and blanching
  - (d) Bruising and rotting
- 5. Write short notes on the following: 4x3.5=14
  - (a) Consumer packaging
  - (b) Advantages of microwave processing
  - (c) Advantages of dehydration of fruits and vegetables.
  - (d) Rural industrialization
- 6. Answer the following in one paragraph. 4x3.5=14
  - (a) Give the process chart for manufacture of apple jam.
  - (b) Specifications of RTS, necter and squashes.
  - (c) Use of ethrel for ripening of fruits.
  - (d) Evaporative cool chambers for short term storage.
- 7. Answer the following in detail. 2x7=14
  - (a) How will you manage post harvest diseases of fruits and vegetable?
  - (b) How will you process tomato into puree and sauce? What are the various factors responsible for spoilage of these products?