## POST GRADUATE DIPLOMA IN ACUPUNCTURE

## **Term-End Examination**

00179

December, 2014

## PGDACP-03: TREATMENT OF COMMON DISEASES / EAR & SCALP ACUPUNCTURE

Time: 2 hours

Maximum Marks: 70

## Note:

- (i) There will be multiple choice type of questions in this examination, which are to be answered in **OMR Answer Sheets**.
- (ii) All questions are compulsory.
- (iii) Each question has four options and only one of them is correct. Answers have to be marked in figures in the appropriate rectangular boxes corresponding to what is the correct answer and then blacken the circle for the same number in that column by using HB or lead pencil. DO NOT USE INK OR BALL PEN in OMR Answer Sheets.
- (iv) If any candidate marks more than one option it will be taken as the wrong answer and no marks will be awarded for this.
- (v) Erase completely any error or unintended marks.
- (vi) There will be 70 questions in this paper and each question carries one mark.
- (vii) There will be no negative marking for wrong answers.
- (viii) No candidate shall leave the examination hall at least for one hour after the commencement of the examination.

- 1. Following are the general principles of Acupuncture treatment except
  - (1) Regulation of yin and yang
  - (2) Strengthening the body resistance and eliminating the pathogenic factors
  - (3) Supplementing the primary from the secondary
  - (4) Treatment of diseases according to climatic and seasonal conditions, geographical locations and the individual conditions
- 2. In case of deficient yang one should
  - (1) Reduce yin
  - (2) Stimulate yang
  - (3) Stimulate yin
  - (4) Reduce yang
- 3. The Front-Mu points are used to
  - (1) replenish yin qi of the zang-fu organs
  - (2) replenish yang qi of the zang-fu organs
  - (3) diagnose deficient conditions
  - (4) diagnose excess conditions
- 4. For a patient with weak body resistance and pathogenic factor not yet strong enough, the plan of the treatment is
  - (1) the body resistance is strengthened first
  - (2) to eliminate the pathogenic factor first
  - (3) Both methods should be employed simultaneously
  - (4) Not fit for acupuncture
- 5. How do you distinguish the primary from the secondary in localization of the disease?
  - (1) The external portion is the primary and the internal is the secondary
  - (2) The internal portion is the primary and the external is the secondary
  - (3) The superior portion is the primary and the inferior is the secondary
  - (4) The ventral portion is the primary and the dorsal is the secondary

6.	To treat the patients in spring and summer the insertion of needles should be	
	(1)	Shallow
	(2)	Deep
	(3)	Horizontal
	<b>(4)</b>	Perpendicular
7.	The	reinforcing method is used
	(1)	To strengthen the body resistance and the zang-fu organs
	(2)	To replenish yin, yang, qi and blood
	(3)	For the deficiency syndrome
	(4)	All the above
8.	The	commonly used warming methods are as follows
	(1)	Acupuncture with needle retaining or moxibustion
	(2)	Cupping with bleeding
	(3)	Bleeding at jing-well point
	(4)	None of the above
9.	The	clearing method is used
	(1)	To clear off the pathogenic heat for resuscitation
	(2)	For heat syndromes
	(3)	Both (1) and (2)
	(4)	None of the above
10.	The	ascending method is used
	(1)	To raise yang qi
	(2)	To raise yin qi
	(3)	To balance yin and yang

(4) To remove stagnation

11.	Cat	tegories of point selection
	(1)	Selection of nearby points, distant and symptomatic points
	(2)	Selection of distant and symptomatic points
	(3)	Selection of nearby points and symptomatic points
	(4)	Mu front and back shu points
12.	In y	in meridian, the jing-well point represents
	(1)	Fire element
	(2)	Wood element
	(3)	Metal element
	(4)	Water element
13.	In y	ang meridian, the Shu stream point represents
	(1)	Fire element
	(2)	Wood element
	(3)	Metal element
	(4)	Water element
14.	The	lower He-sea points for large intestine is
	(1)	ST 36
	(2)	ST 37
	(3)	ST 39
	(4)	ST 40
15.	The	Luo-(connecting) point of REN meridian is
	(1)	REN 13
	(2)	REN 14
	(3)	REN 15
	(4)	REN 18
DCD	ACD	03

16.	The	Xi-(Cleft) points are used primarily in treatment of
	(1)	Acute diseases appearing in their corresponding organs.
	(2)	Chronic diseases appearing in their corresponding organs.
	(3)	Both Acute and Chronic diseases appearing in their corresponding organs.
	(4)	None of the above
17.	Follo	owing are main syndromes of obesity except
	(1)	Heat in stomach
	<b>(2)</b>	SP and K deficiency
	(3)	SP Qi stagnation
	<b>(4)</b>	ST Qi stagnation
18. Following acupuncture points are used to treat headache due to phlegmexcept		owing acupuncture points are used to treat headache due to phlegm-dampness
	(1)	DU 14
	<b>(2)</b>	Yintang (EX-HN 3)
	(3)	ST 40
	(4)	LI 11
19.	Etic	ology of facial paralysis according to TCM is:
	(1)	Invasion of Yangming and Shaoyang meridians by wind-cold or heat
	<b>(2)</b>	Invasion of Yangming meridians by wind
	(3)	Invasion of Yangming meridians by wind-heat
	(4)	Invasion of Yangming and Shaoyang meridians by wind-cold
20.	Spe	cific point for Insomnia is
	(1)	Tonify UB 62
	(2)	Tonify Du 20
	(3)	Tonify K 6

(4) Sedate K 1

21.	Acc	According to TCM, Cerebrovascular Accident belongs to the category of	
	(1)	Zhong Feng	
	(2)	Wind stroke	
	(3)	Both of the above	
	(4)	None of the above	
22.	Acc	ording to TCM, poliomyelitis belongs to the categories of	
	(1)	Wind stroke syndrome	
	<b>(2)</b>	Damp heat syndrome	
	(3)	Wind heat syndrome	
	<b>(4)</b>	Summer heat syndrome	
23.	Acc	ording to TCM, epilepsy is commonly caused by	
	(1)	Excess of the liver and kidney	
	(2)	Deficiency of the liver and excess kidney	
	(3)	Deficiency of the liver and kidney	
	<b>(4</b> )	Excess of liver and deficiency of kidney	
24.	Taichong (Liv. 3) can be selected as a supplementary point to treat vomiting due to		
	<b>(1)</b>	Retention of food	
	(2)	Deficiency of spleen and stomach qi	
	(3)	Attack of the stomach by liver qi	
	(4)	Accumulation of cold at the stomach	
25.	Tinn	nitus is due to	
	(1)	Kidney Qi deficiency	
	<b>(2)</b>	Exhaustion of kidney-essence	
	(3)	Kidney yin deficiency	
	<b>(4</b> )	All of the above	

26.	The	reducing method is used		
	(1)	To dispel the pathogenic factors		
	(2)	To remove stagnation		
	(3)	Both of the above		
	(4)	None of the above		
27.	Mod	erate hypertension is most likely due to		
	(1)	Deficiency of yin and hyperactivity of yang		
	(2)	Deficiency of yin and yang		
•	(3)	Hyperactivity of yin and yang		
	<b>(4)</b>	Only (2) and (3) are correct		
28.	Foll	owing are the syndromes of Leukorrhea except		
	(1)	Deficiency of spleen		
	(2)	Deficiency of kidney		
	(3)	Deficiency of bladder		
	(4)	The attack of dampness and toxins		
29.		Vomiting, Distension, Belching, Insomnia, Red outer edges of tongue and taut pulse are manifestation of		
	<b>(1)</b>	Attack of the stomach by liver qi		
	(2)	Retention of food		
	(3)	Liver		
	(4)	Gall bladder deficiency		
30.	Whatype	ich of the following points is the best selection for treating asthma of the wind-cold e ?		
	(1)	Fengmen (B.12)		
	(2)	Shenshu (B.23)		
	(3)	Qihai ( Ren.6)		
	(4)	Shanzhong (Ren.17)		

discharge, sorer and excessive u		atient has the following signs and symptoms: profuse and continuous vaginal harge, soreness of the lower back, a cold sensation in the lower abdomen, frequent excessive urine, loose stools, a pale tongue with a thin coating, and a deep pulse. ch of the following prescriptions would you select for this patient?
	(1)	B.23, Ren.4, K.12, G.26 and K.7
	<b>(2)</b>	Ren.3, B.32, Sp.6 and Lliv.3
	(3)	B.26, Ren.6, B.30, Sp.9 and ST.36

32. According to the principle of reinforcing the "mother" point for a deficient syndrome, which of the following points is the best selection for treating a deficient syndrome of the spleen?

- (1) Sanyinjiao (Sp.6)
- (2) Taixi (Ki.3)
- (3) Yingu (Ki.10)
- (4) Dadu (Sp.2)

33. Hyperactivity of yin due to yang deficiency should be treated by

(1) Reinforcing yang to control yin

(4) B.23, B.20, Sp.6, Sp.9, and ST.36

- (2) Reinforcing yin and yang
- (3) Strengthening yin to control yang
- (4) Strengthening yang to control yin

34. The Back shu point of upper warmer organs are located at the level of

- (1) T3 to T5 vertebra
- (2) C7 to T2 vertebra
- (3) T8 to T12 vertebra
- (4) L1 to L5 vertebra

35. All the following points are one of the eight confluent points except

- (1) K 6
- (2) LI 12
- (3) G41
- (4) SJ 5

36.	Which of the following points is influential point for blood vessels?		
	(1)	Lu 9	
	<b>(2)</b>	H 7	
	(3)	H 8	
	(4)	P 6	
<b>37.</b>	Loca	l points to treat frontal headache are	
	(1)	Du 20 and Du 14	
	<b>(2)</b>	Du 20 and Li 4	
	(3)	G 14 and Yin tang	
	(4)	St 8 and St 44	
38.		ch of the following auricular acu-points is used to treat fever, hypertension and ammation?	
	(1)	Blood pressure reducing groove	
	<b>(2)</b>	Hypertension point	
	(3)	Ear apex	
	(4)	Shenmen point	
39.	Zho witl	Zhongwan ( Ren 12 ) combined with Zusanli (St 36 ) and Tianshu ( St 25 ) combined with Shangjuxu (St 37 ) are both combinations of	
	(1)	Back-shu point and front-mu point	
	(2)	Front-mu point and lower he-sea point	
	(3)	Yuan-primary point and Luo-connecting point	
	(4)	Mother point and son point	
40.		ich of the following prescriptions is the best for treating abdominal pain caused by stagnation of liver Qi?	
	(1)	REN 17, LIV 3, PC 6, GB 34	
	<b>(2)</b>	REN 12, UB.20, UB.21, St.36	
	(3)	REN 12, Ren.6, Liv.13, St.36	
	(4)	REN 12, St.25, St.36, St.44	

41.	Hov	w many stimulatory areas are there for scalp acupuncture?
	(1)	14
	<b>(2)</b>	15
	(3)	16
	(4)	17
42. According to the principle of reducing the "son" point for an excess syndre the following points is the best selection for treating an excess syndrepericardium?		ording to the principle of reducing the "son" point for an excess syndrome, which of following points is the best selection for treating an excess syndrome of the cardium?
	(1)	P 9
	<b>(2</b> )	P 8
	(3)	P 7
	(4)	P 6
43.	Acco	ording to TCM, eczema is of
	(1)	Wind heat
	<b>(2)</b>	Damp heat
	(3)	Blood deficiency types
	<b>(4</b> )	(2) and (3) are correct
44.	Follo	owing are types of Urticaria
	(1)	Wind-cold
	<b>(2</b> )	Wind-heat
	(3)	Spleen and stomach deficiency
	(4)	All of the above
45.	nigh thirs	pali is having frequent bowel movements and faeces in large quantity since last t, abdominal pain, yellow and fetid stools, burning sensation in the anus, fever, et, red tongue with yellow and greasy coating, soft and rapid pulse. Which one w is the most correct prescription for this case?
	(1)	Ren 12, ST 25, ST 37, ST 39, ST 36
	<b>(2)</b>	BI 20, ST 37, ST 36, DU 4
	(3)	Ren 12, ST 25, DU 4, REN 4
	<b>(4</b> )	Ashi points, ST 25, BL 25, ST 37

10

PGDACP-03

<b>46.</b>	To tr	eat impotence, which meridians below should be selected?
	(1)	Kidney and the liver meridians
	(2)	Kidney and the lung meridians
	(3)	Kidney and the stomach meridians
	(4)	Kidney and the large intestine meridians
47.	In T	CM Wondering Bi means
	(1)	Rheumatoid arthritis
	(2)	Osteo-arthritis
	(3)	Gouty arthritis
	(4)	Degenerative arthritis
48.	In s	calp acupuncture, horizontal line 4 cm long drawn posteriorly from the midpoint ne auditory area is called
	(1)	Speech Area I
	(2)	Speech Area II
	(3)	Speech Area III
	(4)	Speech Area IV
49.	In e	ear acupuncture Helix crus represents
	(1)	Diaphragm
	(2)	Uterus
	(3)	Testes
	(4)	Ovaries
50.	adı	nenorrhea refers to the failure of menstruation to start when a woman reaches althood or the abnormal cessation of the periods for more than in a row see they have started.
	(1)	One month
	(2)	Two months
	(3)	Three months
	(4)	Four months
		A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR

51.	Wł	Which auricular point is situated on the ear tubercle?	
	(1)	Liver	
	(2)	Liver Yang	
	(3)	Tonsils	
	(4)	Lumbar spine	
<b>52.</b>	Aco	cording to TCM, hemorrhoids are due to	
	(1)	Stagnation of qi and blood and subsequently injury of the collaterals of the anus	
	(2)	Stagnation of qi lead to accumlation of damp	
	(3)	Heat in blood	
	(4)	Cold in blood	
53.	Fol	lowing point is used to treat hemorrhoids	
	(1)	BL 40	
	(2)	BL 57	
	(3)	BL 60	
	(4)	BL 25	
<b>54.</b>	In scalp acupuncture gastric area is used		
	(1)	To treat disorder of upper abdomen	
	(2)	To treat disorder of lower abdomen	
	(3)	To treat disorder of small intestine	
	(4)	To treat disorder of large intestine	
<b>55.</b>	In se	calp acupuncture, Reproductive area is situated	
	(1)	Lateral to thoracic area	
	(2)	Medial to thoracic area	
	(3)	Medial to gastric area	
	(4)	All of the above are true	
		·	

- 56. Patient is complaining of cough with thin and white expectoration since 4 days, soreness in throat, fever, body ache, nasal stuffiness. On examination pulse is superficial and tense, tongue has white coating. What is your diagnosis from this finding?
  - (1) Wind cold syndrome
  - (2) Wind heat syndrome
  - (3) Phlegm damp syndrome
  - (4) Heat damp syndrome
- 57. Which acupuncture point is used in emergency for malignant hypertension?
  - (1) Liv 1
  - (2) Sp 6
  - (3) H 7
  - (4) Liv 3
- 58. According to TCM, myopia by
  - (1) Liver and urinary bladder Qi deficiency
  - (2) Liver and kidney Qi deficiency
  - (3) Liver and gall bladder Qi deficiency
  - (4) Liver and spleen Qi deficiency
- 59. According to TCM, depression is caused by
  - (1) Stagnation of liver qi
  - (2) Stagnation of blood
  - (3) Heat in blood
  - (4) All of the above
- **60.** Following is the best prescription for epigastric pain due to deficiency-cold of the spleen and stomach
  - (1) BL 20, BL 21, RN 12 and ST 36
  - (2) BL 18, BL 21, RN 10 and ST 36
  - (3) BL 20, BL 21, RN 10 and ST 25
  - (4) BL 18, BL 21, RN 12 and ST 24

61.	Pai	n in abdomen due to retention of food leads to
	(1)	Heat in intestine
	(2)	Blockage in fu organs
	(3)	Deficiency of Qi in intestine
	(4)	None of the above
<b>62.</b>	Auı	ricular point situated in the center of lobule is
	(1)	Teeth
	(2)	Jaw
	(3)	Cheek
	(4)	Eye
63.		inqi (GB 41) is the eighth confluent point of
	(1)	The Du channel
	(2)	The Dai channel
	(3)	The Yangqiao channel
	(4)	The Yangwei channel
<b>34.</b>	GB	25 is mu front point of
	(1)	Gall bladder
	(2)	Kidney
	(3)	Liver
	(4)	Urinary bladder
<b>35.</b>	Froi	nt mu point of sanjiao is
	(1)	BL 22
	(2)	Ren 5
	(3)	Ren 6
	(4)	SJ 6

66.	Whi	ch of the following points is not situated off the superior conclude:	
	(1)	Kidney	
	<b>(2)</b>	Heart	
	(3)	Liver	
	(4)	Appendix	
67.	The general principles of acupuncture treatment are worked out under the guidance of the		
	(1)	Holistic concept and differentiation of syndromes	
	(2)	Regulation of Yin and Yang	
	(3)	Select points along the course of meridians	
	(4)	Remove the excess and reduce the preponderance	
68.	Foll	owing combination is used to treat golf elbow	
	(1)	Ashi points, LI 11, LI 10 and LI 4	
	(2)	Ashi points, H 3, SI 8 and LI 4	
	(3)	All of the above	
	(4)	None of the above	
69.	BL 40 is used for		
	(1)	Backache	
	(2)	Skin disorder	
	(3)	None of the above	
	(4)	Both (1) and (2) are correct	
70.	Foll	lowing point is used for neck pain	
	(1)	Lu 7	
	(2)	Li 4	
	(3)	St 44	
	<b>(4)</b>	BI 40	