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**MIP-106** 

# POST GRADUATE DIPLOMA IN INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS (PGDIPR) (Revised)

00912 Term-End Examination
December, 2014

## MIP-106: PLANT VARIETIES PROTECTION, BIOTECHNOLOGY AND TRADITIONAL KNOWLEDGE

Time : 3 hours

Maximum Marks: 100

Note: This paper consists of three parts. All parts are compulsory.

### PART A

Answer **all** questions from this part.

 $10 \times 2 = 20$ 

- 1. What is meant by plant variety?
- 2. Define seed certification.
- 3. Mention the policy options for protecting plant varieties.
- 4. Define essentially derived varieties.
- **5.** What are the exceptions to the Plant Breeders' Rights?

- **6.** What are Community Plant Variety Rights?
- 7. Explain the benefit sharing provision under the PPVFR (Protection of Plant Variety and Farmers' Rights Act, 2001).
- 8. Define life patents with respect to India.
- 9. What are "essentially biological processes"?
- **10.** Write a brief note on Food and Agriculture Organisation (FAO).

2

#### PART B

Answer any five questions from this part.

 $5 \times 10 = 50$ 

- 11. What are the principal objectives of protecting Traditional Knowledge? How can these objectives be attained?
- 12. Discuss the rationale for sui generis IPR Regimes for plant varieties.
- 13. What are the important regulatory provisions for the Biological Diversity Act, 2002 with reference to access and utilization of biological resources?
- 14. What is infringement of Plant Breeders' Rights (PBR)? Explain how PBRs can be enforced.
- 15. Write a note on the rationale for Farmers' Rights.
- **16.** Critically evaluate the implications of the TRIPS agreement on biotechnological inventions.
- 17. Write a note on Plant Genetic Resources (PGRs) and Intellectual Property Rights (IPRs).
- 18. Write a note on patenting of micro-organisms.

#### PART C

Answer any **two** questions from this part.

 $2 \times 15 = 30$ 

- 19. Explain the procedure for filing an application for Plant Breeders' Rights. Under what circumstances are PBRs granted?
- 20. Write a detailed note on Benefit Sharing.
- 21. Describe the significance of Traditional Knowledge Digital Library (TKDL) in the protection of Traditional Knowledge (TK).