

**DIPLOMA – VIEP – COMPUTER SCIENCE AND
ENGINEERING (DCSVI)**

00566

Term-End Examination

December, 2014

BICSE-005 : OBJECT MODELING AND DESIGN

Time : 2 hours

Maximum Marks : 70

*Note : Attempt any **five** questions. Question no. 1 is mandatory.*

1. Choose the correct answer : 7×2

(a) In UML diagram of a class

- (i) state of object cannot be represented
- (ii) state is irrelevant
- (iii) state is represented as an attribute
- (iv) state is represented as a result of an operation

(b) Objects may be viewed as

- (i) clients in a system
- (ii) servers in a system
- (iii) both clients and servers in a system
- (iv) neither clients nor servers in a system

- (c) The expansion of the acronym CRC is
 - (i) Collecting Responsibilities Classes
 - (ii) Collaborating with Relevant Classes
 - (iii) Class Responsibilities and Collaborators
 - (iv) Creating Relevant Classes

- (d) Which process document describes design mechanisms, any mappings between design mechanisms and the details regarding their use ?
 - (i) Software architecture document
 - (ii) Design guidelines
 - (iii) Vision document
 - (iv) Soft development plan

- (e) Which statement is true about design subsystems ?
 - (i) They partially encapsulate behaviour.
 - (ii) They represent an independent capability with clear interfaces.
 - (iii) They model single implementation variant.
 - (iv) They can only contain design classes.

- (f) When identifying design elements, a simple analysis class will map to a(n)
 - (i) active class
 - (ii) design class
 - (iii) subsystem
 - (iv) interface

- (g) Which diagram can be used to depict workflow for a particular business activity ?
- (i) Class diagram
 - (ii) Object diagram
 - (iii) Activity diagram
 - (iv) State chart diagram
2. (a) Enumerate any eight application domains of UML. 7
- (b) Why is UML used ? Explain all the UML notations and its purposes. 7
3. (a) Differentiate between aggregation and composition. 7
- (b) Discuss Interfaces, its types and roles. 7
4. (a) Draw a class diagram for a school management system. Specify clearly relationships among classes, attributes and operations in each class. 7
- (b) What do you mean by a component ? What is the difference between components and classes ? 7
5. (a) State the principles of modeling. 7
- (b) Explain why UML is use-case driven, architecture-centric, iterative and incremental. 7

6. (a) Explain the eight stereotypes that apply to dependency relationships among classes and objects in class diagrams. 10
- (b) Discuss the significance of state chart diagram for object-oriented analysis design. 4
7. (a) How will a recursion be represented in a sequence diagram ? Explain with the help of an example. 7
- (b) Explain about the different behavioural diagrams in UML with neat sketch. 7
8. (a) Briefly discuss the boundary classes, control classes and entity classes. Give suitable examples for them. 7
- (b) Model the context of credit card validation system. 7
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