

**DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING DCLE(G) /
DCLEVI**

Term-End Examination

00495 December, 2014

**BCE-042 : ESTIMATING AND QUANTITY
SURVEYING – II**

Time : 2 hours

Maximum Marks : 70

Note : *Attempt five questions in all. Use of calculator is allowed. Assume suitable data wherever necessary.*

1. Select the correct answer from the given choices :

7×2=14

- (a) Unit of measurement for shuttering and form work is
- (i) kg
 - (ii) cu. m
 - (iii) sq. m
 - (iv) nos.
- (b) When any item neither exists in SSR nor can the rate be derived, a special rate is prepared, which is called as
- (i) Prorata Rate
 - (ii) Missing Rate
 - (iii) Non SSR Rate
 - (iv) Star Rate

- (c) MES SSR Part II deals with
- (i) Structural Drawings
 - (ii) Construction Drawings
 - (iii) Specifications
 - (iv) Rates
- (d) 'Welder' is a category of labour :
- (i) Semi-skilled
 - (ii) Skilled
 - (iii) Unskilled
 - (iv) Construction Labour
- (e) Lean cement concrete ratio for using in foundation is
- (i) 1 : 2 : 4
 - (ii) 1 : 3 : 6
 - (iii) 1 : 4 : 8
 - (iv) $1 : 1\frac{1}{2} : 3$
- (f) Building Cost Index is added on SSR items for
- (i) Describing specifications
 - (ii) Updating cost index
 - (iii) Covering cost enhancement
 - (iv) Changing cost lower
- (g) Honeycomb brick work is measured by
- (i) Cu. m
 - (ii) Running meter
 - (iii) Sq. m
 - (iv) Cu. m Quantity/2

2. (a) What do you understand by the term Estimation ? What are the various data required for the preparation of an Estimate ?
- (b) What are the basic principles for Abstracting and Billing ? Explain. $2 \times 7 = 14$
3. A hospital building is proposed to be constructed for a 60-bed capacity. If cost of similar building is ₹ 42,150 per bed + 5% building cost index, calculate the cost of the project. 14
4. An RCC column of cross-section $250 \text{ mm} \times 450 \text{ mm}$ is having height = 3.20 m. It has main bars $20 \text{ mm } \phi$ 4 Nos. and $16 \text{ mm } \phi$ 2 Nos. Calculate the following quantities :
- (i) Form work for column.
- (ii) Vertical reinforcement neglecting top and bottom covers. $2 \times 7 = 14$
5. Prepare the Analysis of Rate for the following items : $2 \times 7 = 14$
- (i) RCC 1 : 2 : 4 (1 cement : 2 coarse sand : 4 graded stone aggregate 20 mm nominal size) in the roof of a building.
- (ii) Brick work in well burnt old size bricks in super structure, straight or curved on plan exceeding 6 m radius built in cement mortar 1 : 6.

6. Calculate the painting area for the following types of doors, windows and ventilators : 14

- (a) Flush door 1000×2100 mm — 03 nos.
- (b) Panelled door 900×2100 mm — 02 nos.
- (c) Rolling shutter 2600×2100 mm — 01 no.
- (d) Glazed window/ventilator 600×900 mm —
05 nos.

7. Write short notes on any **four** of the following : $4 \times 3 \frac{1}{2} = 14$

- (i) Overhead Charges
 - (ii) Labour Constants
 - (iii) Prorata Analysis
 - (iv) Abstracting
 - (v) Standard Schedule of Rates
 - (vi) Ordinary Requisitions
 - (vii) Procedure to take off
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