POST BASIC BACHELOR OF SCIENCE (NURSING) B.Sc (N) (PB)

Term-End Examination,

December, 2012

BNS-102 : APPLIED SCIENCE (BIOCHEMISTRY, BIOPHYSICS, MICROBIOLOGY, NUTRITION AND DIETETICS)

Time: 3 hours Maximum Marks: 70

Instructions:

1. Applied Science Course comprises of the following four parts:

Part A: Biochemistry – 18 marks
Part B: Biophysics – 17 marks
Part C: Microbiology – 18 marks
Part D: Nutrition and Dietetics – 17 marks

- 2. Students appearing for Applied Science Course Examination should follow the relevant instructions given below:
 - (a) For those appearing for the first time for the examination of Applied Science Course: The students should answer the questions of all the four parts in separate answer sheets provided. On the top of each answer sheet the student should enter the Enrolment No., Course Code, Course Title and Parts.
 - (b) For those who are reappearing for the examination of Applied Science Course: The students need to answer only those parts, on separate answer sheets, which have not been successfully completed.

PART-A Biochemistry

Answer all questions. Choice is internal 1. List the physical properties that distinguish metals from non - metals. 1.5 + 1.5OR(a) Name the chemical reaction that occurs 1 between an inorganic acid and inorganic base. (b) Give two practical applications of this 2 reaction in the field of medicine 2. Give two examples of poly unsaturated fatty (a) 1 acids in the diet. Mention any two physiological functions of (b) 2 polyunsaturated fatty acids in the human body. 3. Enumerate one physiological role of each of the following peptides: 1x3 = 3(a) Oxytocin (b) Gastrin (c) Enkephalin 4. State any four functions of blood in the (a) 0.5x4=2human body. Name two metabolites which are not the (b) 1 normal constituents of urine of a healthy person.

5.	(a)	Insulin and Glucagon are said to be antagonistic to each other in their action.
	(b)	Explain why. Which metabolites act as substrates for 1 gluconeogenesis? Mention any two.
6.	Fill i	n the blanks with suitable words: $0.5x6=3$
	(a)	The energy currency molecule, Adenosine
	()	triphosphate is made up of Adenine,
		and three molecules of
		phosphate.
	(b)	Milk intolerance in infants is caused by
	(c)	give lather even with hard
		water.
	(d)	is called the bad cholesterol in
		blood.
	(e)	Urea, a waste product of protein metabolism, is formed from
		released from amino acids.
	(f)	Coenzyme A is a derivative of
	(-)	a water - soluble, B group vitamin.

PART-B Biophysics

•	Ans	swer all questions.		
1.	Name the commonly used systems of measuring physical quantities. Which of the two systems are most frequently used in nursing practice.			
2.	Define <i>any five</i> of the followings: 1x5=5			
	(a)	Velocity		
	(b)	Acceleration		
	(c)	Newton's third law of motion		
	(d)	Buoyancy		
	(e)	Calorie		
	(f)	Defibrillation		
3.	Define energy. Give examples of use of energy in the body. 1+2=3			
4.	Explain the term 'hearing' with illustration. 1+2=3			
5.	Fill in the blanks: 1+4=4			
	(a) Measurement of any quantity has two characteristics - a - numerical value and a			

(b)	Ultraviolet radiation do not penetrate into	
	the tissues more than cm.	
(c)	In the Fahrenheit scale the freezing point of water is	
(d)	ECG. is the record of action potential of t	

PART-C Microbiology

•		empt all questions. Illustrate the answers rever necessary.		
1.	Write T for true and F for false against the statements in the answer book: \(\frac{1}{2}x6=3\)			
	(a)	Neisseria are bean shaped cocci in pairs.		
	(b)	Diphtheria bacilli are V or L shaped.		
	(c)	Toxin produced by Fungi is called Myxotoxicosis.		
	(d)	Virus that infects bacteria is called bacteriostatic.		
	(e)	Peristalsis is a progressive and rhythmic contraction of the intestine.		
	(f)	Antibiotic is an antibacterial substance produced by helminthes.		
2.	Fill in the blanks: $\frac{1}{2}x6=3$			
	(a)	Streptococci are cocci in		
	(b)	Long flexible spiral shaped organisms are called		
	(c)	Hanging drop method is used to study in living organisms.		
	(d)	Protein coat of a virus is called		
	(e)	Heat is one of the most effective reliable and economical agent.		
	(f)	A complement fixation test for syphilis is test.		
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3.	Disti	inguish between any three of the following: 2x3=6
	(a)	Inanimate and Animate vectors.
	(b)	Granuloma and Ameboma.
	(c)	Immunology and Serology
	(d)	Mycoplasma and Chlamydias
	(e)	Gonococci and Meningococci
	(f)	Mesosomes and Ribosomes
		OP

OR

Give an account of the three lines of defence in 2x3=6the body.

- Answer any three of the following questions as 4. 1x3 = 3directed:
 - Define microbes. What is the unit of (a) measurement for microbes?
 - What is chemotherapy? (b)
 - Differentiate between auto infection and (c) re - infection
 - (d) Where would you locate plague bacilli?
 - (e) Incineration.
- 3 Give an account of the life - cycle of any round 5. worm OR flat worm OR protozoon studied by you.

OR

Enumerate briefly three diseases caused by 3 bacteria OR viruses.

PART-D Nutrition and Dietetics

- Attempt all questions. Attempt all parts of a question at one place.
- 1. (a) Explain the term Balanced diet. 1+4=5
 - (b) Enumerate specific features you will keep in mind while planning diet for pregnant women.
- 2. Describe the methods / ways of assessing 5 nutritional status
- 3. Describe the dietary management of a patient 4 with cardio vascular disorders.
- 4. Enlist the health hazards caused by following pollutants.
 - (a) Fertilizers
 - (b) Hormones
 - (c) Cadmium