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MCA (Revised)

Term-End Examination

December, 2012

MCS-023 : INTRODUCTION TO DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS

Time : 3 hours Maximum Marks : 100 (Weightage 75%)

Note: *Question No.* **1** *is compulsory. Attempt any three questions from the rest.*

1.	(a)	Design ER Diagram for the following	10
		statement :	
		"Each Bank can have multiple branches and	
		each branch can have multiple accounts	
		and loans". Convert the ER diagram into	
		relational model (i.e. tables). Identify the	
		keys and describe the integrity constraints.	
	(b)	How would you normalize EMP-DEPT in	10
		to 3NF? EMP-DEPT(ENAME, SSN,	
		BDATE, ADDRESS, DNUMBER, DNAME,	
		DMGRSSN)	
		Where following dependencies are given	
		$SSN \rightarrow ENAME$, $BDATE$, $ADDRESS$,	
		DNUMBER DNUMBER→ DNAME,	
		DMGRSSN.	
	(c)	Consider the relation R(A,B,C,D) with the	5
		following dependencies :	
		$AB \rightarrow C, CD \rightarrow E, DE \rightarrow B$ is AB a candidate	
		key of this relation ? Explain your answer.	

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- (d) What is a system log? What are the typical 5 kind on entries in a system catalog?
- (e) Draw diagram to show the states of 5 transaction execution. Briefly discuss each of the states, shown in the diagram.
- (f) Draw the block diagram to show the 5 components of Database manager.
- 2. (a) Consider the relation R(A,B,C,D,E,F,G,H)with functional dependency set as $FD = \{A \rightarrow C; B \rightarrow CG; AD \rightarrow EH; C \rightarrow DF;$ $A \rightarrow H\}$

On the basis of the given details, perform following tasks. **4+6=10**

- (i) Determine key for relation R
- (ii) Decompose R into 2NF, 3NF and finally in BCNF.
- (b) Compare primary, secondary and clustering Indexes. Which of these indexes are dense and which are not ? How is implementation of clustering indexes performed ? 6+2+2=10
- 3. (a) What do you mean by the terms "Loss-Less 5
 Decomposition" and "Dependency Preserving Decomposition" ?

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(b) What problems occur in the database when 7 transactions do not satisfy ACID properties? Explain explicitly using suitable examples ?

(c)	Consider the	following relations	: 2x4=8
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P :	Pid	Pname Q :	Pid	Pname
	001	abc	012	xyz
	012	xyz	014	lmn
	014	lmn	016	SSS
	015	opq	017	SSD
	017	SSD		

Find the following :

(i)	$P \cup Q$	(ii)	P-Q
· ·		· · ·	

- (iii) $P \cap Q$ (iv) $P \times Q$
- 4. (a) What do you mean by Integrity constraints ? 5 Briefly discuss, the different type of integrity constraints.
 - (b) What do you mean by the term "database 7 recovery"? Explain any two recovery techniques.
 - (c) Compare and contrast the following 8 (Any two):
 - (i) Wait and die And Wait and wound protocol
 - (ii) Physical data independence and Logical data independence
 - (iii) Centralized and Distributed DBMS

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- (a) What are the advantages of DDBMS over 10 centralized DBMS? Why is data replication and fragmentation performed in DDBMS? What typical units of data are replicated ?
 - (b) What is two phase locking protocol ? How 5 does it guarantee serializability? Explain.
 - (c) Discuss the multiversion technique for 5 concurrency control.

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