## CS-69

## BACHELOR OF COMPUTER APPLICATIONS (PRE - REVISED ) Term-End Examination December, 2012

## CS-69 : TCP/IP PROGRAMMING Time : 2 hours Maximum Marks : 60 Note: Question No. 1 is compulsory. Answer any three questions from the rest. How does name resolution take place in 1. (a) 5 DNS? Explain using an example. (b) Identify the address classes of the following 4 IP addresses: (i) 194. 201. 92. 32 (ii) 162. 102. 64. 21 (iii) 10. 02. 02. 01 192. 191. 101 (iv) 96. Explain the working of Distance vector (c) 5 routing algorithm using an example. (d) The value of the total length field in an IPV4 2 datagram is 36, and the value of the heades length field is 5. How many bytes of data is the packet carrying ? Which fields of the IPV4 header change (e) 2 from router to router? (f) How are congestion control and quality of 4 service related in context of TCP/IP.

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- (g) Explain the similarities between following: 6
  - (i) HTTP and SMTP

(ii) HTTP and FTP

- (h) What is an URL and what are its **2** components?
- (a) How many TCP connection (s) is/are used 5 in TELNET ? Explain the Remote login process of TELNET.
  - (b) RARP and ARP both map addresses from 5 one space to another. Explain their differences and significances.
- (a) Draw and explain how does TCP handle 8 the lost acknowledgement segment and the corrupted segment.
  - (b) Write the number of bits used to represent 2 the network ID and host ID part of IPV4 address classes (class A, B, C and D).
- (a) Explain the different stages and functions 7 performed by TCP/IP protocols to transfer the data from source to destination.
  - (b) Write the services offered by SMTP. 3
- 5. Differentiate between the following pairs : 10
  - (a) Multicasting and Broad casting
  - (b) TCP/IP and OSI model
  - (c) IMAP and POP
  - (d) Static and Dynamic Rating.