BICEE-006

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DCLEVI/DELVI DIPLOMA ENGINEERING O Term-End Examination O December, 2013 BICEE-006 : EARTHQUAKE ENGINEERING Time : 2 hours Maximum Marks : 70

Note: Question No-1 is compulsory and answer any four from the remaining.

1 . V	Write True	or False	for the followings :	7x2=14
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- (a) Rayleigh waves are also known as Transverse waves.
- (b) Magnitude of Earthquake is related to the energy released at the focus and epicentre.
- (c) According to Plate Tectonic theory, all types of Plate boundaries are responsible for earthquake.
- (d) Lintel band is a band provided at Lintel level on all load bearing walls.
- (e) Timber has higher strength per unit weight, and is, therefore, very suitable for earthquake resistant construction.
- (f) Accelerogram is used to record the motion of the ground during earthquake.
- (g) Steel structures are generally considered to be less earthquake resistant.

BICEE-006

- Differentiate between magnitude and intensity of 14 earthquake. Explain the different methods of measurement of earthquake.
- Explain the general principles to be observed 14 during the construction of earthquake resistant building.
- 4. Explain the concept of decay of motion in respect 14 to damped free vibration. Also draw the plot showing relation between logarithmic decrement "δ" and Damping ratio"ξ".
- Explain the application of Duhamel integral in 14 determining the response of an SDF (Single degree of freedom) system.
- Discuss the construction aspects of masonry 14 structures and explain the strengthening arrangements recommended for rectangular masonry units.
- 7. Write short note for **any four** of the following :
 - (a) Seismic waves $4x3\frac{1}{2}=14$
 - (b) Some prominent earthquakes of India.
 - (c) Force-displacement relation.
 - (d) Difference between free and forced vibration
 - (e) Seismograph.
 - (f) Role of civil engineeer in preparedness for disaster management, in case of Earthquake.