BICE-027

B.Tech. MECHANICAL ENGINEERING / B.Tech. IN CIVIL ENGINEERING Term-End Examination

December, 2013

BICE-027 : MATHEMATICS III

Time : 3 hours

Maximum Marks : 70

Note : Attempt any seven questions. All questions carry equal marks and are to be answered in English only.

1. Find the Fourier series expansion of the following 10 2π – periodic function.

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \pi + x, -\pi < x < 0 \\ 0, & 0 \le x < \pi \end{cases}$$

2. Obtain the Fourier series expansion of 10 f (x) = 1 + x, -1 < x < 1, and hence show that:

$$\frac{\pi}{4} = 1 - \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{5} - \frac{1}{7} + \dots$$

 Describe Fourier transform, Fourier sine transform 10 and Forrier cosine transform with examples.

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4. State convolution theorem for Fourier transform 10 and hence evaluate the inverse Fourier transform of :

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$$\frac{1}{12 + 7iw - w^2}$$

5. Find the complete integral of :

$$2xz \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} + 2yz \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = z^2 - x^2 - y^2$$

6. Find the general solution of :

$$2 \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} - \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x \partial y} - \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial y^2} + \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = e^{2x+3y}$$

7. An elastic string of length *l*, which is fastened at 10 its ends x=0 and x=l, is picked up at its centre

point
$$x = \frac{l}{2}$$
 to a height of $\frac{l}{2}$ and is released from the rest. Find the displacement of the string at any instant of time.

 Discuss Fourier series solution of one dimensional 10 heat equation.

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9. Solve the Laplace equation $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = 0$ for **10**

the temperature distribution in a rectangular plate subject to the following conditions :

$$u(0, y) = 0, u(a, y) = 0; u(x, 0) = f(x), u(x, b) = 0.$$

10. (a) Obtain a second order partial differential10 equation from :

$$u = f(x+ct) + g(x-ct)$$

where f and g are arbitrary functions and c is a constant.

(b) Solve the partial differential equation :

$$y \ \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} - x \ \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = 0$$