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BET-012

Diploma in Civil Engineering (DCLE(G)/ Diploma in Mechanical Engineering (DME) DCLEVI/DMEVI/DELVI/DECVI/DCSVI/ ACCLEVI/ACMEVI/ACELVI/ACECVI/ACCSVI

Term-End Examination

December, 2013

BET-012 : PHYSICS

Time : 2 hours

Maximum Marks : 70

Note : Question No. 1 is compulsory. Attempt any four questions from the question No. 2 to 8. Use of scientific calculator is permitted.

- (a) Young's modulus of a material has the same unit as : 7x2=14
 (i) pressure
 (ii) strain
 - (iii) compressibility (iv) force
 - (b) A needle floats on the surface of water because of :
 - (i) lighter weight
 - (ii) adhesive force
 - (iii) viscosity
 - (iv) surface tension
 - (c) The root mean square (r.m.s) speed of gas molecule is given by :

(i)
$$\frac{3}{2}\sqrt{\frac{k_BT}{m}}$$
 (ii) $\sqrt{\frac{3 k_BT}{m}}$
(iii) $\frac{2}{3} k_BT$ (iv) $\frac{1}{3}\sqrt{\frac{k_BT}{m}}$

- (d) Luminous flux is defined as :
 - (i) amount of energy (electromagetic) emitted per second by a source.
 - (ii) amount of electromagnetic energy emitted per hour by a source.
 - (iii) amount of electromagnetic energy absorbed per second by a surface.
 - (iv) amount of electromagnetic energy received per second by a surface.
- (e) If the distance between two charges is doubled, the force between the charges will be :
 - (i) four times more
 - (ii) four times less
 - (iii) will increases two times
 - (iv) will decrease two times.

(f) The permeabilities of para and ferromagenetic materials are :

(i) greater than unity and large

- (ii) less than unity
- (iii) equal to unity
- (iv) negative
- (g) The material of wire of Potentiometer is :
 - (i) copper (ii) steel
 - (iii) manganin (iv) Aluminium
- 2. (a) What is surface energy ? Find a relation 5 between surface tension and surface energy.
 - (b) State and explain Hooke's law.
 - (c) When a solid rubber ball is taken from the surface to bottom of a lake its volume decreases by 0.0012%. The depth of the lake is 360m. density of the lake water is 10^3 kg m⁻³. Calculate the bulk modulus of rubber. (g=10ms⁻²)

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- **3.** (a) State the assumptions of kinetic theory of **5** gases.
 - (b) What is black body ? What are the **4** characterstics of a black body ?
 - (c) A mass of 5kg falls through a height of 40m 5 and rotate a paddle wheel which have 0.5kg of water. The initial temperature of water is 1.5° C. Calculate the increase in the temperature. (J = 4.2×10^{7} erg.cal⁻¹; g = 980 cm s⁻²)
- 4. (a) Discuss the effect of pressure, temperature 5 and humidity of the gas on the speed.
 - (b) Explain, What is meant by a wave motion. 4What are its characteristics ?
 - (c) At what tempreature is the speed of sound 5 in nitrogen equal to its speed in oxygen at 20°C ? The atomic weights of oxygen and nitrogen are in the ratio 16 : 14.
- 5. (a) Derive the relation $\frac{1}{u} + \frac{1}{v} = \frac{1}{f}$ for a concave mirror. Where *u* is the object distance *v* is the image distance and *f* is focal length of the mirror.
 - (b) Draw a diagram illustrating the path of rays **4** in an astronomical telescope.
 - (c) A ray of light is incident from glass on the surface separating it from air at an angle of 40° and is deviated through 15°. Calculate the critical angle for the glass air surface.
- 6. (a) Derive an expression for the drift velocity 5 of electrons in conductor.
 - (b) Describe the working of meter bridge.
 - (c) Calculate the electric force between two charged spheres having charges 4×10^{-7} C and 6×10^{-7} C and placed 60cm apart in air. ($\epsilon_0 = 8.854 \times 10^{-12}$ C² N⁻¹ m⁻²)

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- 7. (a) State Biot-Savart's Law.
 - (b) Distinguish among diamagnetic, paramagnetic and ferromagnetic substances.
 - (c) 5A current is flowing in a circular loop of diameter 0.5m. Calculate the magnetic field due to this coil at a distance of 0.15m along the axis of the loop from its centre. What will be the magnetic field if the point is taken at the centre of the coil ?

$$\left[\frac{\mu_0}{4\pi} = 10^{-7} \,\,\mathrm{TmA}^{-1}\right]$$

- 8. Write short notes on **any four** of the following :
 - (a) Pascal's law

4x3¹/₂=14

- (b) Modes of heat transfer
- (c) Stefan's law
- (d) Power of a lens
- (e) Electrical potential
- (f) Potentiometer

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