# Ph.D. IN BIOCHEMISTRY (PHDBC) 

ロロG91

Term-End Examination<br>June, 2019

## RBC-002 : BIOSTATISTICS AND BIOINFORMATICS

Time: 3 hours
Maximum Marks : 100
Note: This question paper consists of two sections; Section A and Section B. Answer both the sections. Calculators are allowed.

## SECTION A

1. Match the following :
Group A Group B
(i) Utility tool
a. NCBI
(ii) RCSB
b. Linux
(iii) e-Resource
c. Adobe Photoshop
(iv) $2^{\circ}$ structure
d. Protein Structure
(v) Operating system
e. Chou-Fasman
2. Define the following terms with examples : $2 \times 2 \frac{1}{2}=5$
(a) Binary numbers
(b) Node in evolutionary tree
3. Distinguish between the following with suitable example (if any) : $\quad 4 \times 2 \frac{1}{2}=10$
(a) t-test and $z$-test
(b) Rooted and Unrooted phylogeny
(c) LAN and WAN
(d) Mean and Median

## SECTION B

Answer any eight of the following :
4. (a) Draw a suitable diagram to represent the monthly expenditure of a family over different budget heads as given below :

| Item | Expenditure <br> (in hundreds) |
| :---: | :---: |
| Food | 25 |
| Clothing | 15 |
| Education | 20 |
| Transport | 10 |
| Outing | 10 |
| Misc. | 05 |
| Saving | 15 |
| Total | 100 |

(b) Distinguish between primary and secondary data with suitable example. $\quad 6+4=10$
5. The monthly income (in thousand rupees) of five employees in a company are as follows :
$25,20,30,15,10$.
(i) List all possible simple random samples (without replacement) of size 2.
(ii) Calculate the mean of all selected samples and set up sampling distribution of the sample mean.
6. For two firms $A$ and $B$, belonging to the same industry, the following details are available :

Firm A Firm B
Number of Employees
100
200
Average Weekly Wage
₹ 2,400 ₹ 1,700
Standard Deviation of
₹ 6
₹ 8
Wages
Find the average weekly wages and standard deviation of the wages of all employees. of both the firms.
7. The two lines of regression are given by $3 x+12 y=19$ and $3 y+9 x=46$. Find (i) mean values of $x$ and $y$, (ii) the values of regression coefficients, and (iii) the value of correlation coefficient.
8. The following table gives the classification of 300 products according to types of machines and material used to produce these products :

| Machine | Material |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | A | B | C |
| $\mathbf{M}_{1}$ | 30 | 10 | 40 |
| $\mathbf{M}_{2}$ | 40 | 20 | 40 |
| $\mathbf{M}_{3}$ | 50 | 30 | 40 |

Test whether the machines and materials used are independent at $5 \%$ level of significance.
[Given that $\chi_{4}^{2}(0.05)=9.49, \chi_{8}^{2}(0.05)=15.51$ ]
9. What is a biological database ? Explain various types of databases along with suitable examples. $3+7$
10. What is the significance of sequence alignment ? Explain how substitution scores and gap-penalties play a vital role in this process. $4+6$
11. What is phylogeny ? Distinguish between cladograms and phylograms. Explain the steps involved in constructing a phylogenetic tree. $3+3+4$
12. What is propensity value ? Explain how Chou-Fasman rules are helpful in protein secondary structure prediction.
13. A researcher wants to know the genetic closeness of "Peptidase-A" among the following species :
(i) Homo sapiens
(ii) Sus scrofa
(iii) Bos taurus
(iv) Mus caroli

Explain the steps involved in establishing genetic closeness using "Clustal Omega" as a research tool.

