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BICEE-004

B.Tech. CIVIL ENGINEERING (BTCLEVI) Term-End Examination

June, 2016

BICEE-004 : STRUCTURAL OPTIMIZATION

Time : 3 hours

70467

Maximum Marks : 70

- Note: Answer any seven out of ten questions. All questions carry equal marks. Use of scientific calculator is permitted. Assume any missing data suitably, if any.
- 1. Use graphical method to solve the linear programming problem

Maximize $z = 50x_1 + 60x_2$,

subject to the constraints :

$$2x_1 + 3x_2 \le 1500,$$

$$3x_1 + 2x_2 \le 1500,$$

$$0 \le x_1 \le 400, 0 \le x_2 \le 400.$$
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- 2. (a) What do you mean by optimization ? Explain the different phases of optimization.
 - (b) Find the maximum and minimum value of the function

$$f(x) = x^5 - 5x^4 + 5x^3 - 1.$$

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- A firm can manufacture three types of cloth 3. namely A. B and C. Three types of wool are required for it - red, green and blue. One unit length of type A cloth needs 2 yards of red wool and 3 vards of blue wool, one unit length of type B cloth needs 3 yards of red, 2 yards of green. and 4 vards of blue wool, while 1 unit length of C-type cloth needs 5 yards of green wool and 4 vards of blue wool. The firm has a stock of 8 yards of red wool, 10 yards of green wool and 15 yards of blue wool. The income obtained by the firm from one unit length of cloth of type A is ₹ 3. of the type B is ₹ 5 and that of the type C is ₹ 4. How should the firm allocate the available material so as to maximize total income from the cloth finished ? Formulate the linear programming problem.
- 4. (a) Obtain the set of necessary conditions for the non-linear programming problem : Optimize $z = 4x_1^2 + 2x_2^2 + x_3^2 - 4x_1x_2$

subject to the constraints

$$x_1 + x_2 + x_3 = 15$$

 $2x_1 - x_2 + 2x_3 = 20.$

(b) Define convex and concave functions. Also characterize them by partial derivatives.

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5. Write the Kuhn-Tucker conditions for the following minimization problem :

Minimize $f(x) = x_1^2 + x_2^2 + x_3^2$, subject to the constraints $g_1(x) = 2x_1 + x_2 \le 5$ $g_2(x) = x_1 + x_3 \le 2$ $g_3(x) = -x_1 \le -1$ $g_4(x) = -x_2 \le -2$ $g_5(x) = -x_3 \le 0$.

- 6. Find the point of minima of $x^3 3x + 2$, in the interval $0 \le x \le 3$, using quadratic interpolation method.
- 7. Solve the following linear programming problem by dynamic programming approach :

Maximize $z = 2x_1 + 5x_2$, subject to the constraints $2x_1 + x_2 \le 43$, $2x_2 \le 46$ and

 $\mathbf{x}_1 \ge \mathbf{0}, \ \mathbf{x}_2 \ge \mathbf{0}.$

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8. Solve the following problem by geometric programming :

Minimize

$$f(\mathbf{x}) = 16x_1 x_2 x_3 + 4x_1 x_2^{-1} + 2x_2 x_3^{-2} + 8x_1^{-3} x_3$$

where, $x_1, x_2, x_3 \ge 0$. 10

9. Solve the following problem :

Maximize
$$z = 2x_1 + 3x_2 - 2x_1^2$$

subject to the constraints

$$x_1 + 4x_2 \le 4$$
,
 $x_1 + x_2 \le 2$,
 $x_1, x_2 \ge 0$. 10

10. Formulate the dual of the following linear programming :

Maximize $z = 5x_1 + 3x_2$

subject to the constraints

$$3x_1 + 5x_2 \le 15,$$

 $5x_1 + 2x_2 \le 10,$
 $x_1 \ge 0 \text{ and } x_2 \ge 0.$ 10

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