Maximum Marks: 70

## B.Tech. - VIEP - ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING (BTECVI)

00326

Time: 3 hours

Term-End Examination
June, 2016

## BIEL-021 : COMPUTER COMMUNICATION NETWORKS

Note :	Attempt any <b>seven</b> questions. All questions carrequal marks. Missing data, if any, may be suitab assumed. Use of scientific calculator is permitted.	-
<b>1.</b> (a	How is data transfer achieved using Cable TV (CATV) channels ? What is dial-up modem technology ?	5
(b	) What is LATA? Differentiate between intra-LATA and inter-LATA services.	5
<b>2.</b> (a	What is DSL technology? What are the services provided by the telephone companies using DSL?	5
(b	) Discuss two protocols used for noisy channel.	5
BIEL-0	21 1 PTC	<b>.</b>

(a)	Define piggybacking and its usefulness.	
	Also compare flow control and error control.	5
(b)	Compare byte oriented and character	
	oriented protocols.	5
(a)	Define Channelization and list three	
	protocols in this category.	5
(b)	Explain why collision is an issue in random	
	access protocol but not in controlled access	
	or channelizing protocols.	5
(a)	What is the difference between a BSS and	
(,	an ESS? Explain the purpose of the NAV.	5
(b)	What are the common fast ethernet	
	implementations?	5
(a)	How does a VLAN provide extra security	
	for a network?	5
(b)	What is a transparent bridge? Discuss the	
	loop problem.	5
How	can we distinguish a multicast address in	
	•	
	<u>-</u>	
header. 3+3		
	(a) (b) (a) (b) How IPv4 addrelim	Also compare flow control and error control.  (b) Compare byte oriented and character oriented protocols.  (a) Define Channelization and list three protocols in this category.  (b) Explain why collision is an issue in random access protocol but not in controlled access or channelizing protocols.  (a) What is the difference between a BSS and an ESS? Explain the purpose of the NAV.  (b) What are the common fast ethernet implementations?  (a) How does a VLAN provide extra security for a network?  (b) What is a transparent bridge? Discuss the loop problem.  How can we distinguish a multicast address in IPv4 addressing? How can we do so in IPv6 addressing? Explain the reason for the elimination of the checksum in the IPv6

8.	(a)	What is the difference between classful addressing and classless addressing in	
		IPv4?	5
	(b)	What is the difference between direct delivery and indirect delivery? What is the purpose of RIP (Routing Information Protocol)?	E
9.	(a)	What is the purpose of inverse domain? Write the three domains of the domain name space.	5
	(b)	Draw and explain the TCP segment format.	5
10.	(a)	Explain the connection establishment using three-way handshaking.	5
	(b)	What is the basis for membership in a VLAN?	5