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BIEL-013

B.Tech. - VIEP - ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING (BTECVI)

Term-End Examination

June, 2016

00886

BIEL-013: ANTENNAS AND PROPAGATION

Time: 3 hours

Maximum Marks: 70

Note: Attempt any seven questions. All questions carry equal marks. Use of scientific calculator is allowed.

Missing data, if any, may be suitably assumed.

- 1. (a) Derive the relationship between effective aperture and beam area of an antenna. 5
 - (b) For a parabolic reflector antenna operating at a frequency of 4 GHz with a diameter of 30 m and efficiency of 55%, calculate its gain and bandwidth.

5

2.	(a)	difference between driven and parasitic	5
•	(b)	elements in an antenna array. Explain the principles of pattern multiplication with examples.	5
3.	(a) (b)	Draw and explain end fire array. Derive the expression for the radiation resistance of $\frac{\lambda}{2}$ antenna.	<i>5</i>
4.	-	ain the working, construction details and attion pattern of a folded dipole antenna.	10
5.	Derive the expression for the induced voltage and field strength for a circular loop antenna. Draw its radiation pattern also.		
6.	(a)	Differentiate among isotropic radiator, directional antennas and omnidirectional antennas with their radiation patterns.	5
	(b)	A pyramidal horn antenna has an aperture of $20~\rm cm \times 15~\rm cm$. If the operating frequency is 6 GHz and field distribution is uniform over the aperture, calculate the maximum directivity and the beam width of the antenna.	5
7.	(a)	Describe a log periodic antenna and explain its operation.	5
	(b)	Write down the sailent features of ultra wide band antennas.	5

8.	(a)	What is a Yagi-Uda antenna? Explain its construction and properties with reference to directivity and bandwidth.
	(b)	Discuss the electrical properties of the ionosphere.
9.	(a)	Describe ground wave propagation with frequency use and applications.
	(b)	Find the maximum electron density of the ionospheric layer corresponding to refractive index of 0.65 at the frequency of 12 MHz.
10.	Write follow	•
	(a)	Low-side Lobe Arrays
	(b)	Turnstile Antenna
	(c)	Embedded Antennas