## No. of Printed Pages: 3 BNS-103/BNS-203

## POST BASIC B. SC. (NURSING) [PB B. SC. (N)]

## Term-End Examination December, 2023

## **BNS-103/BNS-203: MATERIAL HEALTH NURSING**

Time : 3 Hours	Maximum Marks : 70

Note: (i) Attempt all questions.

- (ii) Attempt all parts of a question at one place only.
- (iii) Draw diagrams wherever necessary.
- 1. (a) Define second stage of labour.
  - (b) Describe physiological changes in 2nd stage of labour. 5
  - (c) Discuss nursing assessment for recognition of commencement of 2nd stage of labour. 5
  - (d) Write the measures to prevent perineal tears during second stage of labour. 4

- 2. (a) Enlist signs and symptoms of anaemia in pregnancy.
  - (b) Explain oral and parenteral iron therapygiven to anaemic woman in pregnancy. 6
  - (c) Describe nursing management of an anaemic woman during labour and puerperium.
- 3. (a) Define L. B. W. (low birth weight) baby. 2
  - (b) Explain physiological handicaps of L. B. W.baby.5
  - (c) Describe nursing care of a L. B. W. baby. 8
- 4. Write short notes on any *four* of the following:

 $4 \times 5 = 20$ 

- (a) Organization of family welfare programme
- (b) Structure and function of mammary glands
- (c) Involution of uterus
- (d) Prostaglandins
- (e) Abruptio placenta
- (f) Multi-foetal pregnancy

5.	Fill	Fill in the blanks : $1 \times 5 =$	
	(a)	Fingerlike projections of trophoblastic	
		layer which project out on the surface of	
		embedded blastocyst are called	
	(b)	At 36 weeks of gestation uterus reaches at	
		the level of	
	(c)	Hormone responsible for milk ejection	
		is	
	(d)	Group of drugs that inhibit the uterine	
		contractions are	
	(e)	Hypocalcemia is diagnosed when	
		blood calcium level in a newborn baby	